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2 **Title**

3 Using Common Spatial Distributions of Atoms to Relate Functionally Divergent Influenza Virus N10 and
4 Protein Structures to Functionally Characterized Neuraminidase Structures, Toxin Cell Entry
5 Domains, and Non-influenza Virus Cell Entry Domains

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11 **Abstract**

12 The ability to identify the functional correlates of structural and sequence variation in proteins is a critical
13 capability. We related structures of influenza A N10 and N11 proteins that have no established function to
14 structures of proteins with known function by identifying spatially conserved atoms. We identified atoms with
15 common distributed spatial occupancy in PDB structures of N10 protein, N11 protein, an influenza A
16 neuraminidase, an influenza B neuraminidase, and a bacterial neuraminidase. By superposing these spatially
17 conserved atoms, we aligned the structures and associated molecules. We report spatially and sequence
18 invariant residues in the aligned structures. Spatially invariant residues in the N6 and influenza B neuraminidase
19 active sites were found in previously unidentified spatially equivalent sites in the N10 and N11 proteins. We found
20 the corresponding secondary and tertiary structures of the aligned proteins to be largely identical despite
21 significant sequence divergence. We found structural precedent in known non-neuraminidase structures for
22 residues exhibiting structural and sequence divergence in the aligned structures. In N10 protein, we identified
23 staphylococcal enterotoxin I-like domains. In N11 protein, we identified hepatitis E E2S-like domains, SARS spike
24 protein-like domains, and toxin components shared by alpha-bungarotoxin, staphylococcal enterotoxin I, anthrax
25 lethal factor, clostridium botulinum neurotoxin, and clostridium tetanus toxin. The presence of active site
26 components common to the N6, influenza B, and *S. pneumoniae* neuraminidases in the N10 and N11 proteins,
27 combined with the absence of apparent neuraminidase function, suggests that the role of neuraminidases in
28 H17N10 and H18N11 emerging influenza A viruses may have changed. The presentation of E2S-like, SARS
29 spike protein-like, or toxin-like domains by the N10 and N11 proteins in these emerging viruses may indicate that
30 H17N10 and H18N11 sialidase-facilitated cell entry has been supplemented or replaced by sialidase-independent
31 receptor binding to an expanded cell population that may include neurons and T-cells.

32 **Introduction**

33 The ability to identify the functional correlates of structural and sequence variation in proteins is especially
34 critical in evaluating functional changes in emerging pathogens and interacting pathogen systems. Pathogenic
35 influenza A viruses have emerged with expanded tissue preferences, reassortment opportunities with other viral
36 species, and interactions with bacterial species. An avian-origin pathogenic H7N9 influenza A virus has emerged
37 in China that causes severe pneumonia and has adapted to replicate in the human conducting and lower airways
38 of humans [1]. A short period of viral shedding of H5N1 HPA1 influenza A virus indicates that emergent influenzas
39 can reinfect a population of hosts can over several transmission cycles in naive hosts [2]. Bacterial
40 neuraminidases have been found to rescue influenza virus replication from being inhibited by the neuraminidase
41 inhibitor zanamivir [3]. Reassortment between avian and human influenza viruses has been found to be mainly
42 between the matrix and neuraminidase gene segments [4].

43 South and Central American emergent influenza A viruses H17N10, isolated from bats in Guatemala, and
44 H18N11, isolated from bats in Peru, have highly sequence divergent N10 and N11 proteins that do not process

45 the artificial substrate methylumbelliferyl-N-acetyl- α -D-neuraminic acid (“MUNANA”) [5,6,7]. The N10 and N11
46 proteins were characterized as “neuraminidase-like” because the components of a functional active site were not
47 identified in the structural reports and the proteins showed no activity by cleavage assays, e.g., MUNANA
48 cleavage. No other N10 or N11 protein cell entry domains were identified in the reports of the x-ray crystal
49 structures of these proteins [5,6,7] which were deposited to the Protein Data Bank. The lack of activity of the N10
50 and N11 proteins is problematic as the loss of sialidase activity, in the absence of some compensating change,
51 would be expected to reduce the fitness of any influenza A virus that incorporates these proteins.

52 In this study, we used neuraminidase and non-neuraminidase structures deposited to the Protein Data
53 Bank to interpret the N10 and N11 protein structures. We used the common relative spatial occupancy of atoms in
54 N10 and N11 proteins and functionally validated influenza A, influenza B, and bacterial neuraminidases to
55 superpose the structures. Using the superposed structures, we identified a previously unidentified site in the N10
56 and N11 proteins containing conserved neuraminidase active site residues. We identified variable loop regions in
57 the N10 and N11 proteins that present residues forming domains associated with cell entry in non-neuraminidase
58 proteins, such as toxins and hepatitis E and SARS viral coat proteins. The absence of demonstrated
59 neuraminidase activity with the presence of new cell entry domain components in N10 and N11 proteins suggest
60 that N10 and N11 protein-containing viruses may enter cells without a functioning sialidase, i.e., by binding to
61 alternative receptors such as ACE2, acetylcholine, and MHC II receptors on an expanded receptive cell
62 population, including cells such as neurons and T-cells.

63 Results

64 Spatial Alignment of Structures Using Distributed Common Spatial Occupancy of Atoms

65 Reported structures of N10 protein [5] (“N10P”), N11 protein [7] (“N11P”), N6 neuraminidase (“N6N”) [8],
66 influenza B neuraminidase (“IBN”) [9] and a *S. pneumoniae* neuraminidase (“SPN”) [10] were spatially aligned by
67 superposition of main chain oxygen atoms in each of the five structures that we found to have common distributed
68 geometry. The atoms listed in Table 1 were found to have nearly identical spatial distribution in the N10P, N11P,
69 N6N, IBN, and SPN structures. As the residue numbering varies among neuraminidase structures and
70 sequences, a Consensus Numbering System for Atoms (“CNSA”) and Residues (“CNSR”) were created to relate
71 corresponding atoms and residues in the structures. The N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN structures, along with any
72 associated non-protein atoms or molecules, were rotated and translated into a common reference orientation by
73 superposition of the corresponding CNSA118, CNSA224, and CNSA276 atoms onto N6N atoms listed in Table 1.
74 Superposition of the corresponding CNSA atoms listed in Table 1 allowed us to examine the spatial overlap of
75 residues of N10P and N11P with residues in structures of neuraminidases whose function was established, i.e.
76 N6N, IBN, and SPN.

77 Structurally Identical, Structurally Corresponding, and Structurally Divergent Residues

78 Each residue side chain in the superposed N10P and N11P structures was evaluated to determine if it
79 had identity to, and spatial correspondence with, residues in the N6N or IBN structures. Structurally Identical
80 Residues (“SIRs”) are the identical residues at the same relative spatial position. Structurally Corresponding
81 Residues (“SCRs”) are different residues in structures with residue atom overlap and the same residue orientation
82 relative to secondary structure. N6N, N10P, N11P, and IBN SIRs and corresponding SPN SIRs and SCRs are
83 listed in Table 2 along with inter-residue offsets, i.e., the residue relative chain positions between successive
84 entries in each column. Cysteines participating in disulfide bridges account for roughly one third (14 of the 44
85 (32%)) of the SIRs in N6N, N10P, N11P, and IBN shown in Figure 1 and listed in Table 2. SIRs represent the
86 invariant core of the influenza virus neuraminidases in the study sample that is shared by N10P and N11P.

87 N10P and N11P Alignment With Influenza A, Influenza B, and Bacterial Neuraminidases

88 Figure 1 shows the annotated and structurally aligned sequences of N6N, IBN, N10P, N11P, and SPN.
89 Sequences of Influenza A N1 [11-14], N2 [15,16], N3 [17], N6 [18], and N9 [19] neuraminidases were aligned by
90 sequence identity to the structurally aligned N6N, N10P, N11P, and IBN residues. Table 3 lists the abbreviations

91 and descriptions of structures, sequences, and related references used in this study. Sequences used in this
92 study are found in **S1 File**. The N11 [20] ("N11P+") sequence was used in Figure 1 instead of the sequence from
93 N11P as the N11P+ sequence is identical to the N11P sequence with the exception that it contains an additional
94 10 residues missing from the N11P structure sequence. The use of structure to organize sequence, as illustrated
95 in Figure 1, provides a compact summary of structural variation and its relationship to sequence variation within a
96 class of proteins.

97 Structure Alignment Reveals Active Site Component Superposition

98 Despite a high degree of sequence divergence of N10P and N11P relative to other influenza A viruses,
99 we determined that the N10P and N11P structures have shared secondary and tertiary structure with the
100 functionally validated sialidases, N6N and IBN. The superposed structure ribbons of N6N, N10P, N11P, and IBN,
101 with the overlapped CNSA118, CNSA224, and CNSA oxygen atoms, are shown in Figure 2A. Figure 2A shows
102 the active sites of N6N and IBN superposed with N10P and N11P regions containing similar active site
103 components. The CNSRs shown in Figure 2 are listed in Table 4. It can be seen by an inspection of Figure 2B–2E
104 that, while the positions of key residues in the protein chains have not been conserved, many of the same
105 residues are presented from alternative loops and contribute similar components to the N10P and N11P tertiary
106 location superposed with the N6N and IBN active sites. Figure 2 panel E shows N10P with several side chains
107 repositioned slightly to approximate the N6N contacts with the sialic acid. Figure 2C and Figure 2E show that
108 N10P and N11P contain active site structural components common to active sialidases despite their highly
109 divergent sequences. The superposition of N6N, with its sialic acid, and N10P provides a putative positioning of
110 sialic acid relative to the N10P structure. This positioning of sialic acid relative to N10P is shown in Figure 2 panel
111 F. Structural reports [5,6,7] without benefit of common spatial occupancy alignment were unable to identify a site
112 in either N10P or N11P where key components of functional sialidases were present in a similar geometry and in
113 a similar tertiary position of other sialidases.

114 Loop Switching of Residues in Sialidase Active Sites

115 Residues D151 and R152 in the D151 loop have historically been considered to be a distinctive feature of
116 influenza A neuraminidases. As shown in Figure 3, and listed in Table 4, the positions of CNSR151, CNSR152,
117 and CNSR178 residues in the protein chain can be different in functioning sialidases, such as N6N (Figure 3A)
118 and SPN (Figure 3D). The SPN structure shows that there is structural precedent for the CNSR152 and
119 CNSR178 having swapped positions in the chain of an active sialidase, i.e., a TRP is found at the chain position
120 normally occupied by ARG, and an ARG is found at the chain position normally occupied by TRP. This switching
121 of relative residue positions between proteins is signaled by negative offset values in Table 2. CNSR152 and
122 CNSR178 residues in "swapped" positions in N10P (Figure 3B) can reach the substrate in a geometry similar to
123 residues in N6N and IBN. The positions of CNSR151, CNSR152, and CNSR178 in N6N, IBN, and SPN illustrate
124 how functional groups on a single loop in one functional neuraminidase are found distributed to different loops in
125 other, functional, neuraminidases. The replacement of an ARG residue by a GLN residue at CSNR152 in N11P
126 (Figure 3C) may be more significant than the swapping of CNSR152 and CNSR178 residues in the protein chain.
127 Although N10P and N11P do not process MUNANA, their role as sialidases is uncertain as tests using exhaustive
128 methods, such as the sialidase testing procedures suggested by Parker et al. [21], have not been reported.

129 Comparison of N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN Structural Features

130 Figures 4 and 5 show the ribbon structures of N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN monomers in a common
131 reference orientation. The consensus active site relative positions, the regions of the proteins that contribute
132 residues to the consensus active site area, and regions of the proteins that are not shared in N6N, IBN, SPN,
133 N10P, and N11P can be seen by an examination of Figures 1, 4, and 5. As can be seen from Figures 4 and 5,
134 the SPN structure has the same basic secondary structure and spatial position of the active site as N6N and IBN
135 – but has several large structure extensions, colored deep teal and positioned in the sequence as shown in Figure
136 1. The N6N, N10P, N11P, and IBN SIRs and corresponding SPN SIRs and SCRs, listed in Table 2 and shown in
137 Figures 4 and 5 as dark blue spheres, represent the invariant structural core of these related proteins. SPN has

138 non-cysteine residues in the same conserved positions as the N6N, N10P, N11P, and IBN SIRs forming disulfide
139 bridges; the SPN residues structurally corresponding to these cysteines are also colored dark blue. The
140 corresponding CNSR151, CNSR152, and CNSR178 consensus active site residue spheres are shown in medium
141 blue. The consensus invariant structural cores identified in N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN are flanked by
142 variable loop regions (“VLRs”) that are concentrated in two locations, which we refer to “Upside VLRs” and
143 “Downside VLRs”. Figure 4 shows the proteins with the “Upside” VLR presented. Figure 5 shows the proteins with
144 the “Downside” VLR presented. Light brown spheres, shown in Figures 4A, 4B, 4D, 4F, 5A, 5B, 5D, and 5F,
145 represent domains present on influenza A, influenza B, and bacterial neuraminidase structures; these domains
146 are absent in N10P and N11P.

147 Variable Loop Regions Contain Domains Found in Non-neuraminidase Proteins

148 We found multiple, non-neuraminidase domains in the Upside VLRs: Staphylococcal Enterotoxin I (“SEI”)
149 [22] in the N10P Upside VLR; hepatitis E2S protein (“E2S”) [23] and SARS spike protein [24] (“SARSSP”) in the
150 N11P Upside VLR; and substance P (“SUBP”) [25] in the N6N Upside VLR. We also found toxin-like domains in
151 N11P Downside VLRs; these toxin-like domains are present in alpha-bungarotoxin [26] (“ABT”), SEI [22], anthrax
152 lethal factor [27] (“ALF”), clostridium botulinum neurotoxin [28] (“CBN”), and tetanus toxin [29] (“TTX”). Figure 4
153 panel A shows the superposed structures of N6N, N10P, N11P, INB and SPN with Upside VLR residue spheres.
154 Figure 4 panel B shows the N6N Upside VLR residue spheres (colored red and green) with structural and
155 sequence correspondences to SUBP. Figure 4 panel C shows the N11P Upside VLR residue spheres (colored
156 green, orange and brown) with structural and sequence correspondences to E2S. Figure 4 panel C also shows
157 the N11P Upside VLR residue spheres (colored yellow, red, and purple) with structural and sequence
158 correspondences to SARSSP. Figure 4 panel E shows the N10P Upside VLR residue spheres (colored yellow
159 and orange) with structural and sequence correspondences to SEI.

160 Figure 5 panel A shows the superposed structures of N6N, N10P, N11P, INB, and SPN with Downside
161 VLR residue spheres from each structure. Figure 5 panel C shows the N11P Downside VLR residue spheres
162 (colored magenta, hot, pink, cyan and salmon) with structural and sequence correspondences common to ABT,
163 SEI, ALF, CBN, and TTX. As can be seen by Figure 5B, 5D, 5E, and 5F, this toxin-like domain is not found in
164 N6N, N10P, IBN, or SPN.

165 SEI Domain in N10P

166 Figure 6 shows SEI, an N10 tetramer, and a N11 tetramer. In Figure 6, the blue structure ribbon is the
167 N11P tetramer (from 4K3Y.pdb [7]), and the grey tetramer is comprised of N10P monomers translocated onto the
168 N11P tetramer by superposing the CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O atoms, given in Table 1 and
169 located at the vertices of the blue dotted-line triangles. Figure 6 shows two sets of residues that comprise a
170 domain that is common to N10P and SEI. In N10P, the SEI-like domain is highly structured and is distributed
171 across two N10P monomers. For example, the N10P CB carbon atom of a A140 residue (spheres colored
172 orange) fits into the six membered-ring of a W106 residue (spheres colored yellow) in an adjacent monomer. As
173 shown in Figure 7, the SEI domain can be mapped onto a corresponding N10P domain by mapping SEI atoms
174 (W51:NE1, E52:CA, and Q34:O) onto N10P atoms (W106:NE1; E109: CA and S139:O). Atom numbers for the
175 superposed atoms are given in Table 5. This superposition serves as a detailed example for the use of similar
176 tables to be discussed. Figure 7 shows the structural correspondence and orientation of the N10P and SEI
177 proteins in a common reference orientation.

178 E2S and SARSSP Domains in N11P

179 N11P Upside VLR residues correspond to residues in the reported structures of E2S [23] and SARS spike
180 protein [24]. The E2S domain is formed from three sets of residues (A428-G433, Y138, and Y159). Movement of
181 a N11P loop containing six E2S-like domain residues (A428-G433) exposes SARSSP-like domain residues
182 (G105-G108, P166-P169, and N401-T403). Figure 8 shows the spatial relationship between the E2S-like and
183 SARSSP-like domains. Figure 9 shows E2S and corresponding N11P Upside VLR residues presented in different

184 and common reference orientations. The common reference orientation of E2S and N11P residues is achieved by
185 superposing the atoms with common distributed geometry listed in Table 6. Figure 10 shows SARSSP and
186 corresponding N11P residues presented in different and common reference orientations. The common reference
187 orientation of SARSSP and N11P residues is achieved by superposing the atoms with common distributed
188 geometry that are listed in Table 7. The loops containing residues P105-P108 in N11P and residues P469-P472
189 in the SARSSP are mobile. The P469-P472 residues in SARSSP could easily reposition to bind within a
190 monomer, instead of across monomers as shown in Figure 10.

191 Toxin Domains in N11P

192 N11P Downside VLR residues and residues in alpha-bungarotoxin dimers have common local spatial
193 occupancy of residues as shown in Figure 11. Figure 11 shows three monomers of the N11P tetramer in positions
194 A, C, and D. In place of the N11P monomer in the “B” position is a dimer of alpha-bungarotoxin superposed onto
195 the N11P monomer, not displayed, in the “B” position. This alpha-bungarotoxin dimer was superposed onto the
196 N11P monomer in the “B” position using the atoms listed in Table 8. The N11P monomer in the “C” position
197 shows the N11P residues Y413A-S415 moved to a position relative to N11P residues D85-F87 that is the same
198 as the relative position between ABT residues Y54-E56 and ABT residues D29-F31. As the residues in the N11P
199 Downside VLR are flexible, the spatial relationship between the groups of residues is not fixed. As can be seen
200 from Figure 11, there is a strong structural correspondence between the individual N11P domains mapped onto
201 ABT, suggesting that movement of the mobile loops produces the same combined domain structure in N11P and
202 ABT. This set of residues is present in other toxins suggesting its importance. Table 9 lists residue
203 correspondences between N11P, SEI, ABT, ALF, CBN, and TTX. Figure 12 shows that these structurally
204 characterized toxins present similar clusters of N11P Downside VLR residues on mobile loops.

205 Substance P Domain in N6N

206 Domains similar to those found in the substance P structure [25] were found in the Upside VLR of N6N.
207 Figure 13 shows substance P and the presentation of a substance P-like domain in N6N. The small (11 amino
208 acids) substance P is highly flexible and multiple N-terminal conformers can occupy the same volume. In order to
209 map substance P domains to N6N domains, substance P residues R365, P366, and K367 (the first, second, and
210 third residues of substance P) have been reoriented to place the substance P atoms in the same configuration as
211 the corresponding residues (R438, P439, and K440) in N6N. All other residues and all main chain atoms in both
212 structures are in the same relative positions as in the crystal structures. The coordinates for this model-built
213 and translocated structure were output as a pdb file, “WSUBP.pdb”, available as supporting information **S2 File**.
214 Figure 13 shows the overlap of the R365, P366, K367, Q369, and Q370 residue spheres of WSUBP.pdb with the
215 corresponding residue spheres of N6N (R438, P439, and K440, Q407, and N408) after superposition using the
216 atoms provided in Table 10.

217 Conclusions

218 Using common spatial occupancy of distributed and localized sets of atoms, divergent structures can be
219 aligned and putative functional domains can be identified. Atoms with common distributed spatial occupancy can
220 be used to superpose structures. Once structures are superposed in a common orientation, structural variation
221 within the superposed structures can be identified and interpreted. Superposition of conserved atoms in related
222 structures allows small molecules and atoms complexed with one structure to be mapped to another structure.
223 Superposed bound molecules may suggest putative binding sites in functionally uncharacterized proteins. Once
224 structures are superposed, structural invariants can be identified and used as markers for the alignment of non-
225 homologous structures or sequences. In this way, structures or sequences that have little or no sequence
226 similarity can be aligned. The identification of structural invariants allows the identification of any highly divergent
227 areas of the protein. Proteins outside of a functionally related group may be used to interpret the function of
228 divergent structures.

229 Proteins within a class, such as viral neuraminidases, can be interpreted using structures outside of the

230 class such as bacterial neuraminidases. This is a particularly important capability for the assessment of functional
231 changes in emerging viruses. N10P and N11P structural reports could not identify an active site, functioning or
232 disabled, without superposition of the structures. The bacterial neuraminidase structure, when aligned with
233 influenza A and B neuraminidases, provides important information on the natural structural variation in active sites
234 of functioning sialidases. Alternative configurations of residues performing the same function must be considered
235 when evaluating proteins from emergent pathogens or divergent proteins within a class. Changes in geometry of
236 an active site may impact substrate preference and must be considered when assessing divergent enzyme
237 function by substrate processing, especially by artificial substrate processing.

238 Structural analysis using common spatial occupancy can identify structural features in proteins that may
239 impact function. It is not clear whether N10P or N11P are functional or dysfunctional neuraminidases as this has
240 not been adequately tested and reported. N10P may not be able to bind and process MUNANA as the large size
241 and stereochemistry of MUNANA may prevent the closure of the loop containing the CNSR178 residue (N10P
242 residue W154). Changes in presentation of the CNSR152 and CNSR178 residues would be expected to impact
243 the ability of MUNANA to bind to a neuraminidase. In addition, N10P and N11P display structural features that
244 suggest that, if they are even active, their substrate preference may be altered relative to other viral sialidases as
245 key residue presentation to the active site has features found in bacterial sialidases (e.g. SPN). MUNANA is an
246 artificial substrate consisting of a proto-fluorophore linked to Neu5Ac. *S. pneumoniae* produces three sialidases
247 Nan A, Nan B, and Nan C with different substrate requirements. Nan A is promiscuous (accepting many
248 sialosides), Nan B prefers alpha 2,3 sialosides, and NanC must process a substrate and hydrate it to form
249 Neu5Ac before cleaving it. The Neu5Gc form of sialic acid is produced by many non-human mammals instead of
250 the Neu5Ac (the most common sialic acid in humans) [21]. Alternatives to MUNANA as a substrate as an assay
251 for N10P and N11P must be considered in light of the variation of presentation of active site components on
252 alternate loops in their respective binding pockets.

253 Regardless of activity, or lack thereof, N10P and N11P have CNS R292T mutations that are expected to
254 confer resistance to oseltamivir, zanamivir, and peramivir. If N10P-like and N11P-like proteins are present in
255 infections with mixed virus populations, failure to identify functioning, drug-resistant viruses could facilitate spread
256 of a resistant virus to health care workers that have prophylactically taken currently available antivirals with the
257 mistaken belief that they are protected. In mixed virus populations, there is the possibility that H17N10 and
258 H18N11 viruses can reassort and rescue drug sensitive viruses or be rescued by resistant bacterial
259 neuraminidases. Resistant bacterial neuraminidases have been found to rescue sensitive influenza viruses from
260 inhibition by the neuraminidase inhibitor, zanamivir [3]. H17N10 and H18N11 viruses should be carefully
261 monitored for this reason. It remains to be determined whether N10P and N11P sites containing active site
262 components are functionally active neuraminidase sites or represent vestigial active sites made obsolete by the
263 incorporation of new cell entry domains.

264 Our identification of groups of localized residues in N10P and N11P having conserved spatial occupancy
265 with non-influenza protein residues allowed the identification of putative cell entry domains in the N10P and N11P
266 structures. These cell entry domains may be strategic in N10P and N11P in the absence of, change in, or
267 reduction in sialidase activity. Loss of N10P and N11P sialidase activity coupled to the appearance of cell entry
268 domains from bacterial toxins and other viruses is unprecedented.

269 The strong structural correspondence of SEI domains and N10P domains, even without altering the
270 crystal structure positions of the residues in the corresponding domains to maximize overlap, suggest that
271 H17N10 influenza virus may enter cells by binding to human MHC class II molecules in a manner similar to that of
272 SEI. The SEI proteins bind to human MHC class II proteins and they were co-crystallized with the MHC class II
273 proteins in the crystal structure [22].

274 The strong structural correspondence of E2S, SARSSP, and toxin-like domains and N11P domains, even
275 without altering the crystal structure positions of the residues in the corresponding domains to maximize overlap,
276 suggest that H18N11 influenza virus may enter cells by binding to an expanded set of human cellular receptors,
277 including ACE2 and acetylcholine receptors. The identification of the similar residue domains in SEI, ABT, ALF,

278 CBN, and TTX suggests that these domains are important, conserved structures in these toxins. The fact that
279 multiple toxins have similar domains to N11P domains suggests that the H18N11 influenza virus may, at the least,
280 have the structural components necessary to enter cells via acetylcholine receptors. Whether these domains on
281 multiple mobile loops enable viruses containing them to enter cells via the acetylcholine receptor should be
282 investigated.

283 The strong structural correspondence of substance P residues and N6N residues, after altering the crystal
284 structure positions of three of eleven of the highly flexible substance P residue side chains, suggest that N6N may
285 have the ability to enter cells by binding to tachykinin receptors. The presentation of binding components that can
286 bind simultaneously, as might occur when substance P-like domains are presented by an N6N tetramer, may
287 cause a dramatic increase in binding affinity even if the number of residues in the individual binding domain is
288 small. Multiple small binding domains, presented on an influenza virus, in a geometry where they can bind to
289 more than one receptor simultaneously, would have an overall dramatically increased affinity. If n is the binding
290 affinity of one domain, two domains binding simultaneously and cooperatively would be expected to produce
291 approximately $(n^2 - n)$ binding affinity. For this reason, clusters of atoms that can achieve a similar common spatial
292 occupancy are significant even if the cluster is formed from atoms from small numbers of residues on different
293 loops.

294 The non-influenza virus-like domains that we have identified in N10P and N11P are important to consider
295 in developing diagnostic antibodies and therapeutic vaccines. The presence of these domains suggests that
296 proteolytically released N11P may possibly be detected by anti-ABT and other toxin-related antibodies.

297 This method of relating distributed and local common spatial occupancy is general and can be applied to
298 any set of structures, regardless of the size, complexity, particular orientation, distribution, or diversity of local
299 structure of the components. The use of atom sets to superpose structures based on similar relative geometry of
300 atoms is a powerful tool. The method of identifying the common and divergent spatial occupancy of atoms and
301 proteins provides rapid, effective assessment of divergent emerging virus features and provides testable
302 hypotheses about how viral sequence changes are related to viral trait changes such as cellular receptor
303 preference. The method, demonstrated by the analysis of N10P and N11P, is a general method for evaluating
304 proteins.

305 Materials and Methods

306 Overview of Method: Common Spatial Occupancy

307 Common spatial occupancy of atoms in structures consists of sets of atoms from structures having
308 conserved distribution in space. The atoms with the same relative positions can be distributed or localized in one
309 structure (e.g. in a monomer) or between multiple structures (e.g. across a dimer or other intermolecular
310 association). We identified atoms with common spatial distribution and then used these atoms to orient structures
311 (N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN) relative to one another. These aligned structures were used to align
312 sequences with no structures (e.g., other Influenza A sequences as shown in Figure 1) and to identify and
313 characterize areas of structural similarity and deviation. Common spatial occupancy was further used to identify
314 structural correlates of structural deviation.

315 Method for Determination of Common Distributed Relative Spatial Occupancy

316 The N6N, N11P, N11P, IBN, and SPN structures were reoriented relative to one another by superposition
317 of atoms with common distributed relative spatial occupancy in these structures. The CNSR118:O, CNSR224:O,
318 and CNSR276:O atoms, listed in Table 1, can be identified by calculating the distances between all atom pairs in
319 each structure and then identifying sets of spatially distributed (not the same or contiguous) atoms with identical
320 or near-identical spatial distribution. Figure 14 shows the standard deviation of the interatomic distances between
321 the main chain oxygen atoms of specific residues in Table 2 that are found to be conserved among N6N, N10P,
322 N11P, IBN, and the corresponding atoms in SPN; these residues were selected to be from rows in Table 2 that do
323 not contain cysteines, prolines, or missing residues. S3 File lists, in the order of data calculation, these selected

324 main chain oxygen atoms, the interatomic distances between these oxygen atoms, and the standard deviation
325 values of the set of these interatomic distances. Figure 14 highlights low standard deviation values (i.e. values
326 under 0.300) in color: yellow by default and cyan and green for standard deviation values of distances between
327 pairs of CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atoms. Figure 15 shows the spatial
328 presentation of atom pairs that correspond to the cyan and green low standard deviation values in Figure 14.
329 These atoms form a tetrahedron. Superposition of the corresponding CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O
330 atoms, listed in Table 1, is sufficient to place the N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN structures into a common
331 reference orientation; the use of the CNSA185:O atom does not improve the result. Figure 16 shows the N6N,
332 N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN structures oriented into a common spatial reference orientation using their
333 corresponding CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O atoms. Figure 16 also shows the CNSA185:O atom
334 and the tetrahedron formed by the CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atoms for reference.
335 Figures 14–17 illustrate a method used to select atoms with common spatial distribution that can be used to
336 superpose sequence related and unrelated structures.

337 Method for Determination of Common Localized Relative Spatial Occupancy

338 N10P, N11P, and N6N structures were placed into a common reference orientation with non-influenza
339 protein binding domains by superposition of atoms with common localized relative spatial occupancy. Local
340 atomic correspondences can be identified independently from, and without use of, the chain position of
341 corresponding residues. A detailed example of this method is given for tryptophan and glutamic acid residues
342 having different relative chain positions in N10P and SEI. Figure 17 shows the standard deviation of N10P and
343 SEI sets of the distances between TRP and GLU residues. The clustering of low standard deviation values
344 indicates that these residues are in the same spatial position relative to one another in both structures –even
345 though the residues are separated by two residues in N10P and one residue in SEI. **S4 File** contains excerpted
346 atoms, interatomic distances, and standard deviation values presented in Figure 17. This method shows that it is
347 the relative spatial positioning of atoms in residues rather than the chain positions of the residues that determines
348 spatial structural correspondence. This use of common spatial occupancy between clustered atoms can be used
349 to identify similar distributions of atoms, regardless of whether the atoms are contained in one monomer or
350 distributed across any combination of molecules. Sets of atoms with localized common spatial occupancy are not
351 restricted to the same molecule and can be distributed among associated molecules. Examples of localized
352 intermolecular contacts identified are: N11P monomer and ABT dimer atoms presented in Figure 11 and Table 8;
353 and N11P dimer and SARSSP monomer atoms presented in Figure 10 and Table 6. Substrate-protein atom
354 contacts with sialic acid in the N6N-sialic acid complex in the superposed structures can also be evaluated using
355 this method.

356 Molecular display programs can also be used to superpose molecules. Structural alignment and overlap
357 can also be confirmed visually or by using standard deviation of atom pairs.

358 Supporting Information

359 **S1 File. Figure Abbreviations, References, Sequence Identifiers, and Sequence Descriptions.** List of sequences
360 used, with sources and distribution of sequence groups in Figure 1.

361 **S2 File. “WSUBP.pdb”.** Coordinates, in pdb format, of 11 residues of substance P with reoriented R1, P2, and
362 K3 side chains.

363 **S3 File. N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN Example of Common Distributed Relative Spatial Occupancy.** List of
364 selected N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN main chain oxygen atoms, interatomic distances, and
365 interatomic distance population standard deviation values, as seen in Figures 14 - 16.

366 **S4 File. N10P and SEI Example of Common Localized Relative Spatial Occupancy.** List of atoms in specific TRP
367 and GLU residues in N10P and SEI, interatomic distances, and population standard deviation values, as
368 seen in Figure 17.

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461 **Table 1:** Conserved atom geometry for N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN structures.

Atom Description	PDB	Protein	Chain	Residue #	Res.Type	Atom #	Atom Type
CNSA 118: O	1W1X	N6	B	1124	ARG	3302	O
	4FVK	N10	B	118	ARG	3169	O
	4K3Y	N11	A	118	ARG	273	O
	1A4G	INB	A	115	ARG	312	O
	3H72	SPN	A	347	ARG	207	O
CNSA 224: O	1W1X	N6	B	1231	ARG	4122	O
	4FVK	N10	B	224	ARG	3974	O
	4K3Y	N11	A	224	ARG	972	O
	1A4G	INB	A	222	ARG	1160	O
	3H72	SPN	A	567	GLY	1957	O
CNSA 276: O	1W1X	N6	B	1283	GLU	4520	O
	4FVK	N10	B	276	GLU	4385	O
	4K3Y	N11	A	276	GLU	1364	O
	1A4G	INB	A	274	GLU	1559	O
	3H72	SPN	A	647	GLU	2569	O

462

463 Table 2. Consensus Structural Core Residues and Offsets.

N6N		N11P		N10P		IBN		SPN	
Residue	Offset								
C 98	0	C 92	0	C 92	0	C 86	0	L 323	0
R 124	26	R 118	26	R 118	26	R 115	29	R 347	24
C 130	6	C 124	6	C 124	6	C 121	6	L 351	4
C 135	5	C 129	5	C 129	5	C 126	5	L 359	8
D 157	22	E 151	22	E 153	24	D 148	22	D 372	13
R 158	1	Q 152	1	R 178	25	R 149	1	R 400	28
W 185	27	W 178	26	W 154	-24	W 176	27	W 373	-27
S 186	1	S 179	1	S 179	25	S 177	1	D 417	44
C 190	4	C 183	4	C 183	4	C 181	4	V 421	4
D 192	2	D 185	2	D 185	2	D 183	2	D 423	2
G 193	1	G 186	1	G 186	1	G 184	1	P 424	1
G 203	10	G 196	10	G 196	10	G 194	10	G 441	17
Y 214	11	Y 207	11	Y 207	11	Y 205	11	Y 540	99
L 230	16	L 223	16	L 223	16	L 221	16	L 566	26
R 231	1	R 224	1	R 224	1	R 222	1	G 567	1
S 235	4	S 228	4	S 228	4	S 226	4	T 572	5
C 237	2	C 230	2	C 230	2	C 228	2	I 574	2
C 239	2	C 232	2	C 232	2	C 230	2	L 576	2
G 242	3	G 235	3	G 235	3	G 233	3	G 583	7
C 244	2	C 237	2	C 237	2	C 235	2	I 585	2
D 250	6	D 243	6	D 243	6	D 241	6	Y 590	5
G 251	1	G 244	1	G 244	1	G 242	1	T 591	1
G 267	17	G 260	16	G 260	16	G 258	16	G 613	22
E 283	16	E 276	16	E 276	16	E 274	16	E 647	34
C 287	4	C 280	4	C 280	4	C 278	4	V 650	3
C 296	9	C 289	9	C 289	9	C 288	10	L 660	10
R 299	3	T 292	3	T 292	3	R 291	3	R 663	3
R 307	8	R 300	8	R 300	8	R 299	8	-	-
P 308	1	P 301	1	P 301	1	P 300	1	G 664	1
C 325	17	C 318	17	C 318	17	C 317	17	V 679	15
D 331	6	D 324	6	D 324	6	D 323	6	D 684	5
R 334	3	R 327	3	R 327	3	R 326	3	R 687	3
C 343	9	C 338	11	C 338	11	C 336	10	V 696	9
G 355	12	G 348	10	G 348	10	G 346	10	-	-
G 358	3	G 351	3	G 351	3	G 349	3	-	-
W 368	10	W 361	10	W 361	10	W 363	14	Y 710	14
R 378	10	R 406	45	R 406	45	R 373	10	R 721	11
G 380	2	G 373	-33	G 373	-33	G 375	2	G 724	3
Y 412	32	F 277	-96	Y 277	-96	Y 408	33	Y 752	28
S 413	1	S 407	130	S 407	130	S 409	1	N 753	1
C 425	12	C 417	10	C 417	10	C 419	10	L 763	10
C 429	4	C 421	4	C 421	4	C 423	4	L 766	3
E 433	4	E 425	4	E 425	4	E 427	4	E 768	2
C 455	22	C 447	22	C 447	22	C 446	19	F 781	13
W 466	11	W 458	11	W 458	11	W 455	9	W 786	5

465

Table 3. Abbreviations, Structure Sources, and Sequence Sources.

Abbreviation	Ref.#	Sequence ID	Description
ABT	[26]	2ABX.pdb	alpha-bungarotoxin complexed to acetylcholine receptor
ALF	[27]	1YQY.pdb	anthrax lethal factor fragment
CBN	[28]	3ZUQ.pdb	clostridium botulinum neurotoxin type b
CNSR			consensus numbering system for residues (as found in 4FVK)
E2S	[23]	3RKD.pdb	hepatitis E virus E2S domain genotype I (complexed with a neutralizing Ab)
FIG2COL			coloring used in Figure 2 spheres
IBN	[9]	1A4G.pdb	neuraminidase [Influenza B virus B/Beijing/1/87] complexed with zanamivir
N10P	[5]	4FVK.pdb	N10 protein derived from bat influenza A virus fragment
N11P	[7]	4K3Y.pdb	N11 protein of A/flat-faced bat/Peru/033/2010(H18N11)
N11P+	[7,20]	4K3Y.pdb+	4K3Y.pdb [7] with 10 missing residues 139-148 from 1259-11 [19]
N6N	[8]	1W1X.pdb	neuraminidase duck subtype N6 complex with sialic acid (NANA, NEU5AC)
SARSSP	[24]	3SCK.pdb	SARS spike protein receptor-binding domain
SEI	[22]	2G9H.pdb	staphylococcal enterotoxin I (SEI) chain D and human MHC II molecule
SPATIAL			residue correspondence and coloring used in Figures 4-13
SPN	[10]	3H72.pdb	streptococcus pneumoniae D39 neuraminidase A precursor with NANA
SPN<>			residue loops not included in 'SPNSEQ' row
SPNSEQ			SPN sequence without loop regions
SPNRES#			SPN residue numbering
SUBP	[25]	2KS9.pdb	substance P with NK1R, substance P receptor tachykinin receptor 1
TTX	[29]	1DLL.pdb	receptor binding fragment H(C) of clostridium tetanus toxin
1150-09	[19]	AHA11501.1	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/ZhejianG/DTID-ZJU10/2013(H7N9))]
1259-11	[20]	CY125947.1	N11 protein [Influenza A virus (A/bat/Peru/033/2010(H18N11))]
3209-01	[11]	ADR32096.1	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/Lyon/1364/2007(H1N1))]
4790-01	[12]	ACJ47909.1	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/environment/Qinghai/1/2008(H5N1))]
5091-01	[13]	AF509109.2	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/Chicken/Hong Kong/873.3/01 (H5N1))]
5343-01	[14]	AEV53435.1	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/Fukushima/09FY004/2009(H1N1))]
5971-02	[15]	ADG59718.1	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/El Salvador/2-Q226L/1957(H2N2))]
6202-03	[16]	AAO62026.1	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/Goose/HonGKonG/27404/78(H5N3))]
6207-06	[17]	AAO62070.1	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/quail/NanchanG/4-034/2000(H4N6))]
8342-02	[18]	AGW83423.1	neuraminidase [Influenza A virus (A/Djibouti/N09200/2009(H3N2))]

466

467 **Table 4.** Consensus Numbering System for Key Residues (CNSR).

CNSR #	Protein	PDB	Residue #	Residue
118	N6N	1W1X	124	ARG
118	N10P	4FVK	118	ARG
118	N11P	4K3Y	118	ARG
118	IBN	1A4G	115	ARG
118	SPN	3H72	347	ARG
151	N6N	1W1X	157	ASP
151	N10P	4FVK	153	GLU
151	N11P	4K3Y	151	GLU
151	IBN	1A4G	148	ASP
151	SPN	3H72	372	ASP
152	N6N	1W1X	158	ARG
152	N10P	4FVK	178	ARG
152	N11P	4K3Y	152	GLN
152	IBN	1A4G	149	ARG
152	SPN	3H72	366	ARG
178	N6N	1W1X	185	TRP
178	N10P	4FVK	154	TRP
178	N11P	4K3Y	178	TRP
178	IBN	1A4G	176	TRP
178	SPN	3H72	373	TRP
276	N6N	1W1X	283	GLU
276	N10P	4FVK	276	GLU
276	N11P	4K3Y	276	GLU
276	IBN	1A4G	274	GLU
276	SPN	3H72	647	GLU
277	N6N	1W1X	412	TYR
277	N10P	4FVK	277	TYR
277	N11P	4K3Y	277	PHE
277	IBN	1A4G	408	TYR
277	SPN	3H72	752	TYR
292	N6N	1W1X	299	ARG
292	N10P	4FVK	292	THR
292	N11P	4K3Y	292	THR
292	IBN	1A4G	291	ARG
292	SPN	3H72	663	ARG
406	N6N	1W1X	378	ARG
406	N10P	4FVK	406	ARG
406	N11P	4K3Y	406	ARG
406	IBN	1A4G	373	ARG
406	SPN	3H72	721	ARG

469 **Table 5.** Conserved atom geometry for SEI and N10P structures.

Atom Description	PDB	Chain	Residue #	Res.Type	Atom #	Atom Type
CNSA 106: NE1	4FVK	A	106	TRP	207	NE1
	2G9H	D	51	TRP	3509	NE1
CNSA 109: CA	4FVK	A	109	GLU	225	CA
	2G9H	D	53	GLU	3524	CA
CNSA 139: O	4FVK	A	139	SER	465	O
	2G9H	D	34	GLN	3373	O

470

471 **Table 6.** Conserved atom geometry for Hep E E2S and N11P structures.

Atom Description	PDB	Chain	Residue #	Res.Type	Atom #	Atom Type
CNSA 138: CB	4K3Y	A	138	TYR	439	CB
	3RKD	A	557	TYR	754	CB
CNSA 431: CA	4K3Y	C	431	LYS	8001	CA
	3RKD	A	554	LYS	733	CA
CNSA 430: CB	4K3Y	C	430	THR	7997	CB
	3RKD	A	553	THR	729	CB

472

473 **Table 7.** Conserved atom geometry for SARSSP and N11P structures.

Atom Description	PDB	Chain	Residue #	Res.Type	Atom #	Atom Type
CNSA 107: O	4K3Y	C	107	THR	5637	O
	3SCK	F	486	THR	12385	O
CNSA 403: O	4K3Y	C	403	THR	7764	O
	3SCK	F	425	THR	11880	O
CNSA 167: N	4K3Y	D	167	PRO	8738	N
	3SCK	F	470	PRO	12247	N

474

475 **Table 8.** Conserved atom geometry for Alpha-bungarotoxin and N11P structures.

Atom Description	PDB	Chain	Residue #	Res.Type	Atom #	Atom Type
CNSA 30: O	4K3Y	D	185	ASP	8885	O
	2ABX	A	30	ASP	222	O
CNSA 55: OE(1,2)	4K3Y	D	414	GLU	10585	OE1
	2ABX	A	55	GLU	407	OE2
CNSA 20: CA	4K3Y	D	89	GLU	8224	CA
	2ABX	B	20	GLU	681	CA

476

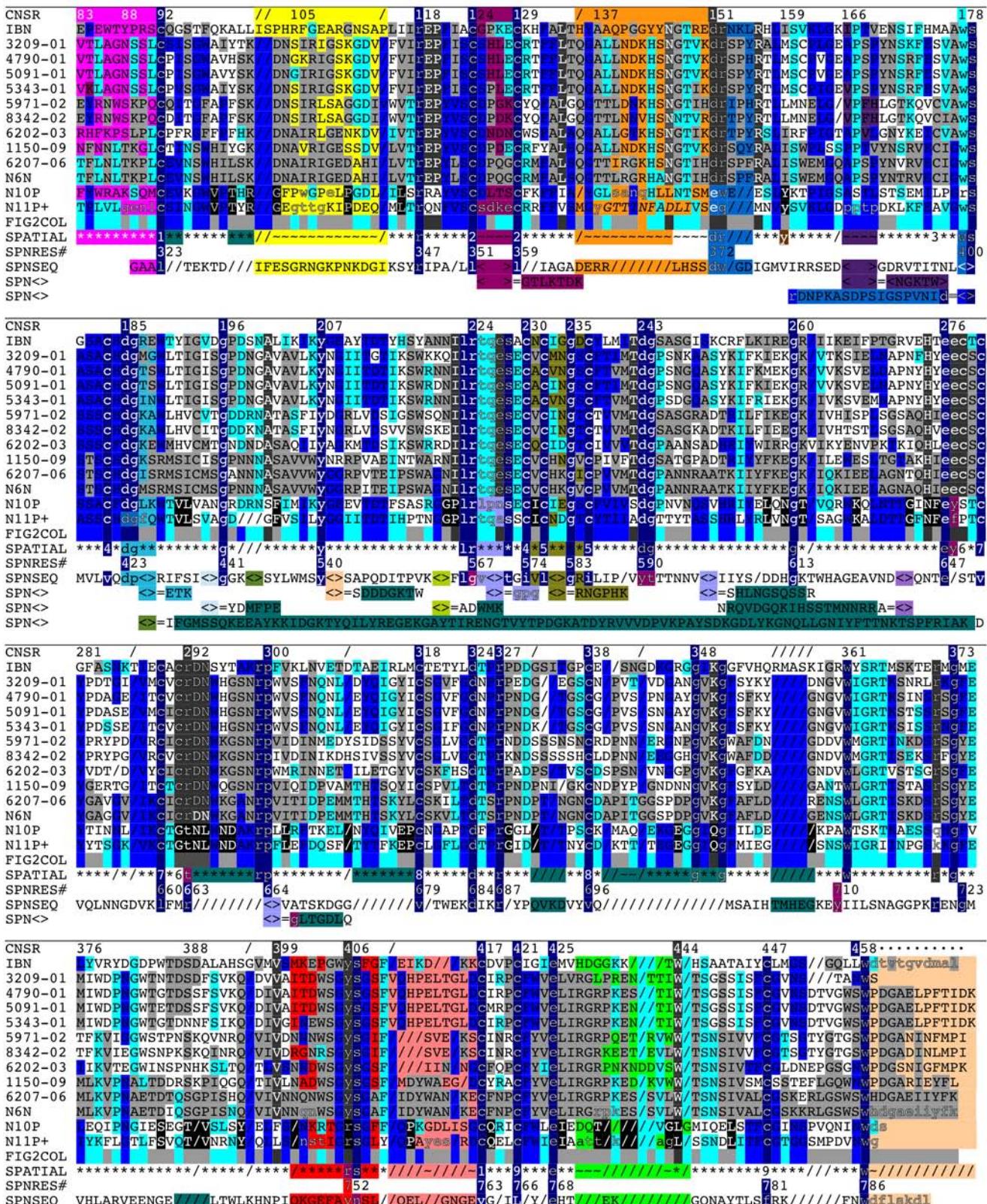
477 **Table 9.** Toxin and Lethal Factor Domains Found in N11P.

Domain	Fig.12 Panel	PDB	Chain	Residue	Residue	Residue	Residue	Residue
Domain I (cyan)	A	4K3Y	A	(G)	E 89	N 90	L 91	
	B	2G9H	D	(D)	(K)	N 26	L 27	
	C	2ABX	A	(G)	E 20	N 21	L 22	
	D	1YQY	A	(G)	S 722	N 723	L 724	
	E	3ZUQ	A	(I)	(K)	N 385	L 386	
	F	1DLL	A	(F)	N 1219	N 1200	L 1221	
Domain II (salmon)	A	4K3Y	A	Y 414	E 415	S 416		
	B	2G9H	D	Y 195	E 196	D 197		
	C	2ABX	B	Y 54	E 196	E 197		
	D	1YQY	A	Y 650	E 651	Q 652		
	E	3ZUQ	A	Y 421	E 422	E 423		
	F	1DLL	A	Y 1258	D 1259	D 1260		
Domain III (deep pink)	A	4K3Y	A	(C)	S 125	D 126	K 127	E 128
	B	2G9H	D	S 109	T 110	D 111	K 112	(I)
	C	2ABX	A	S 61	T 62	D 63	K 64	(C)
	D	1YQY	A	(L)	(L)	D 701	K 702	N 703
	E	3ZUQ	A	(I)	S 401	D 402	K 403	D 404
	F	1DLL	A	(L)	K 1295	D 1296	K 1297	(I)
Domain IV (magenta)	A	4K3Y	A	D 185	G 186	F 187		
	B	2G9H	D	D 63	I 64	F 65		
	C	2ABX	B	D 30	A 31	F 32		
	D	1YQY	A	D 716	I 718	F 719		
	E	3ZUQ	A	D 488	I 489	F 490		
	F	1DLL	A	D 1187	S 1188	F 1189		

478
479 **Table 10.** Conserved atom geometry for Substance P and N6N structures.

Atom Description	PDB	Chain	Residue #	Res.Type	Atom #	Atom Type
CNSA 2438: CA	1W1X	C	2438	ARG	8715	CA
	WSUBP	B	365	ARG	5869	CA
CNSA 2439: CA	1W1X	C	2439	PRO	8726	CA
	WSUBP	B	366	PRO	5895	CA
CNSA 2440: CA	1W1X	C	2440	LYS	8733	CA
	WSUBP	B	367	LYS	5909	CA

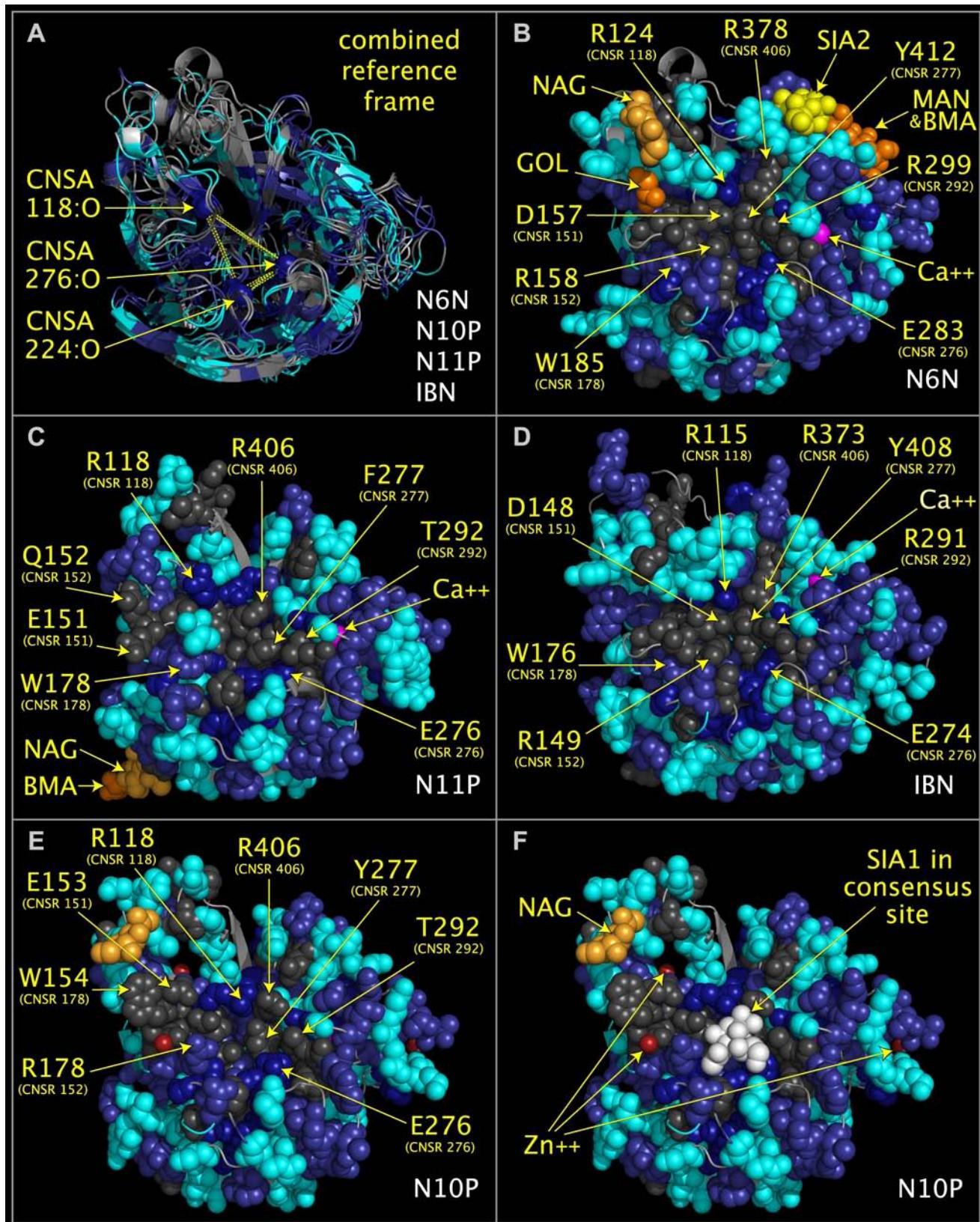
480

481 **Figure 1.** Structural alignment of N10P and N11P with influenza and bacterial neuraminidases.

483 **Figure 1 (previous page). Structural alignment of N10P and N11P with influenza and bacterial neuraminidases.**

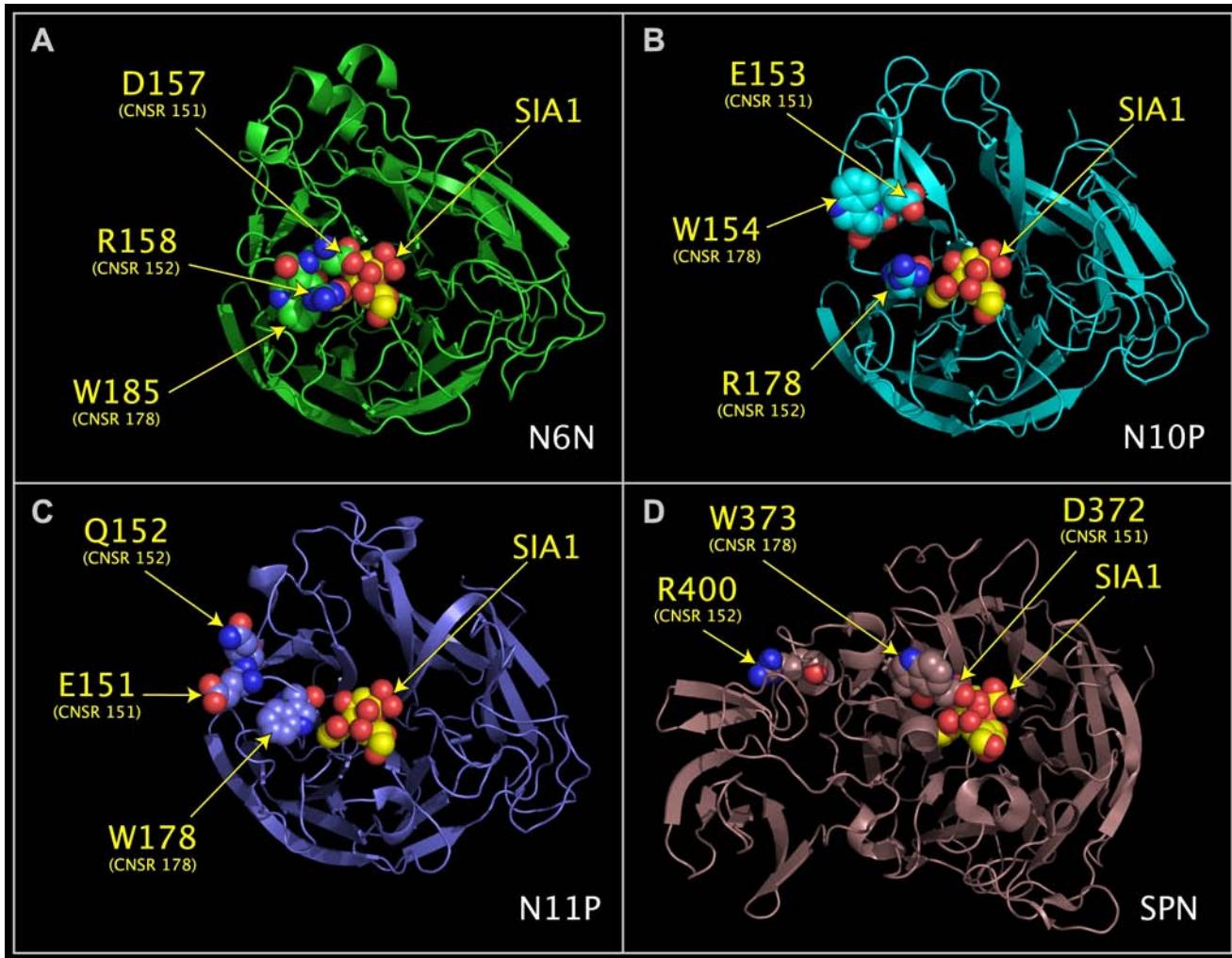
484 Figure 1. Sequences of N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN are shown aligned by common spatial occupancy of
485 residues in their superposed structures. Other influenza A sequences are shown aligned by sequence identity to
486 the structurally aligned N6N, N10P, N11P, and INB residues. Structurally invariant residues above the 'SPATIAL'
487 row and spatially corresponding SPN residues below the 'SPATIAL' row are shaded dark blue. If both the N10P
488 and N11P residues are present in the rest of the column above the 'SPATIAL' row, then the corresponding
489 residues are shaded medium blue. If either, but not both, of the N10P or N11P residue are present in the rest of
490 the column above the 'SPATIAL' row, then the corresponding residues are shaded light blue. If the non-N10P,
491 non-N11P residues are identical to each other but do not match either N10P or N11P, then the non-N10P, non-
492 N11P residues are shaded dark grey. If either of the non-N10P/N11P residues match either IBN or N6P but do
493 not match either N10 or N11, then the residue is shaded light grey. If the N10P and N11P residues are identical to
494 each other but do not match any other residue in that column, then the N10P and N11P residues are shaded
495 black. Upside VLR residues, not shaded as above, are shaded yellow, orange, brown, purple, red, green, and
496 light brown, according to position in the protein and this color is also shown in that column in the 'SPATIAL' row.
497 Residues shaded deep teal are residues in protein loops that deviate spatially from structure common to N6N,
498 N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN. In the 'SPNSEQ' row, "<>" means that there is an insertion of additional residues
499 that are listed after the "<>=" in the 'SPN<>' row(s) directly below the 'SPNSEQ' row. In the 'SPATIAL' row, the
500 symbol: "*" means spatially conserved, "/" means missing, "~" means not spatially conserved; and a number
501 indicates corresponding cysteines in disulfide bridges. Lowercase residues represent residues shown as spheres
502 in Figs. 4-13.

503 Figure 2. Consensus active site components of N6N, N10P, N11P, and IBN.

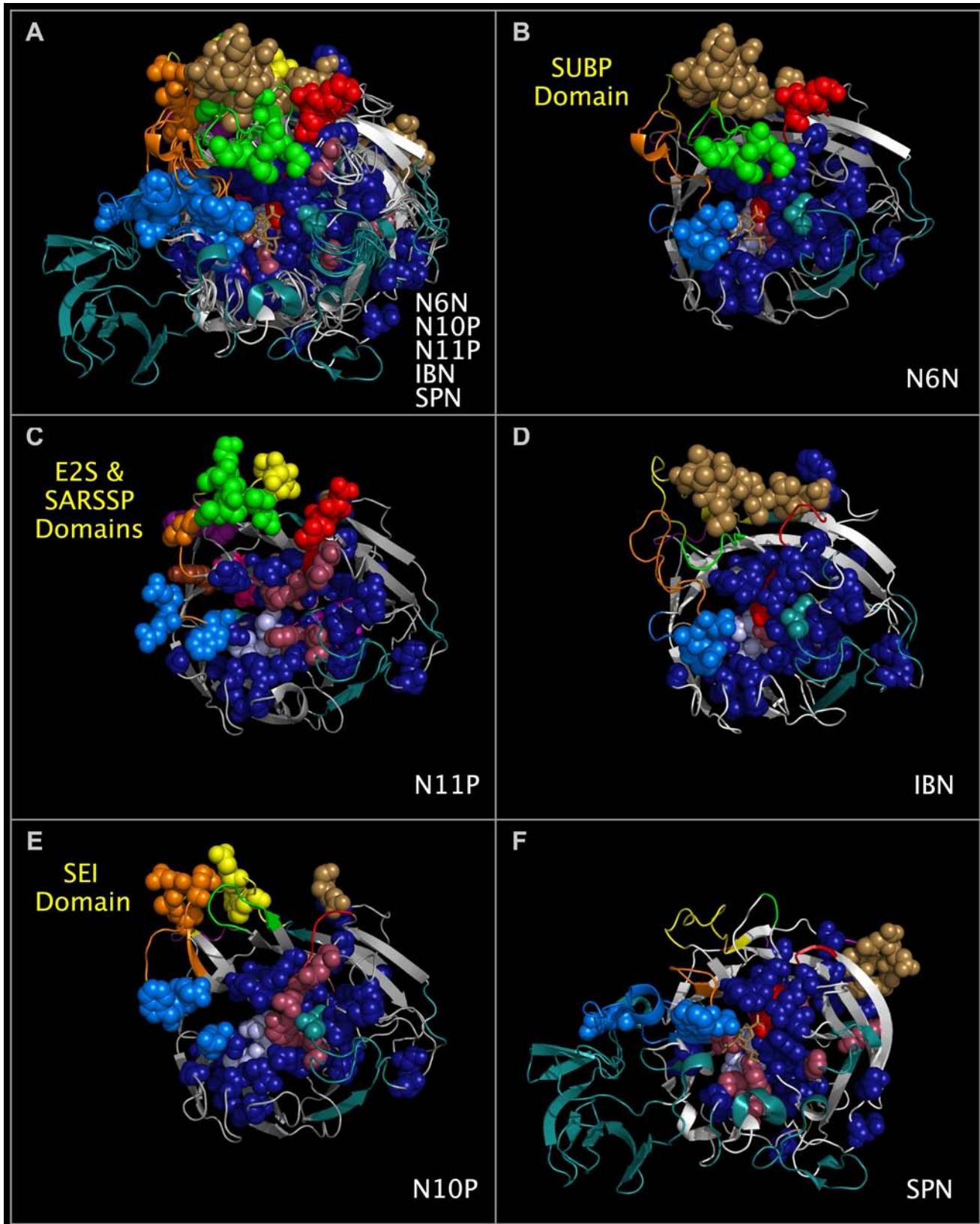


505 **Figure 2 (previous page). Consensus active site components of N6N, N10P, N11P, and IBN.**

506 Figure 2. Structure ribbon and residue spheres are color-coded at each structurally aligned position as in the
507 'FIG2COL' row in Fig. 1. Fig. 2A shows structure ribbons representing influenza A N10P [1], N6N [2], N11P [3],
508 and IBN [4] structures superposed using CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O atoms. Figs. 2B-2F show
509 structure ribbons and residues spheres of N6N (Fig. 2B), N11P (Fig. 2C), IBN (Fig. 2D), and N10P (Figs. 2E-2F).
510 Fig. 2F also shows sialic acid (white spheres) positioned relative to N10P by its superposition onto N6N, which
511 was crystallized with sialic acid in its binding pocket. Fig. 2E and 2F residues side chains in the area of the sialic
512 acid have been repositioned slightly from the crystal structure positions to approximate the positions of the
513 corresponding superposed N6N residues but no other side chain or main chain atoms have been moved.

514 **Figure 3.** Loop swapping of CNSR151, CNSR152, and CNSR178.

516 Figure 3. The structure ribbons of N6N (Fig. 3A), N10P (Fig. 3B), N11P (Fig. 4C), and SPN (Fig. 4D) are shown
 517 individually in their superposed positions. N6N residues D151, R152, and W178, shown in Fig. 4A, correspond to:
 518 N10P residues E153, R178, and W154, shown in Fig. 4B; N11P residues E151, Q152, and W178, shown in Fig.
 519 4C; and SPN residues D372, R400 and W373, shown in Fig. 4D.

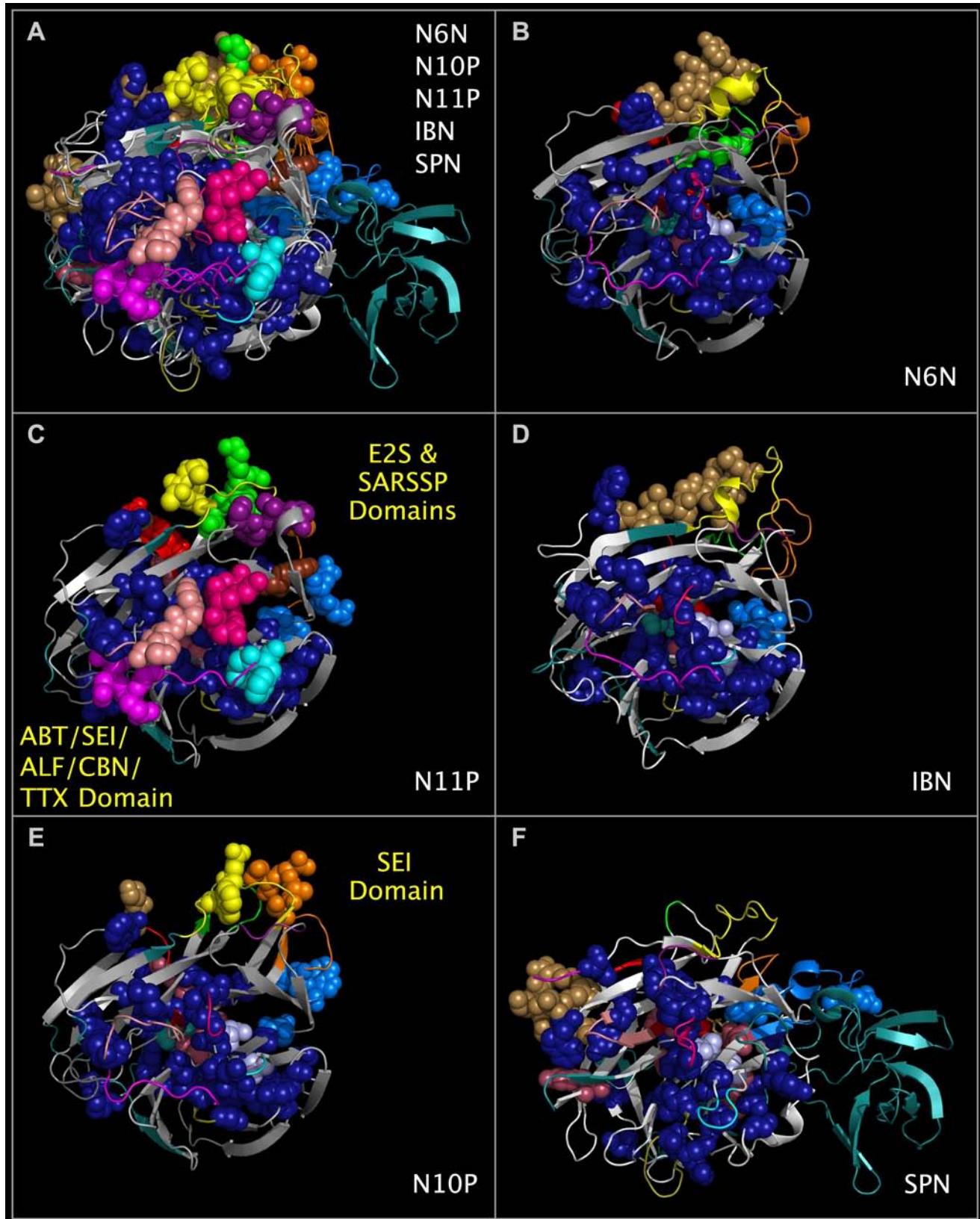
520 **Figure 4.** Consensus active site components and Upside VLR domains of N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN.

522 **Figure 4 (previous page). Consensus active site components and Upside VLR domains of
523 N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN.**

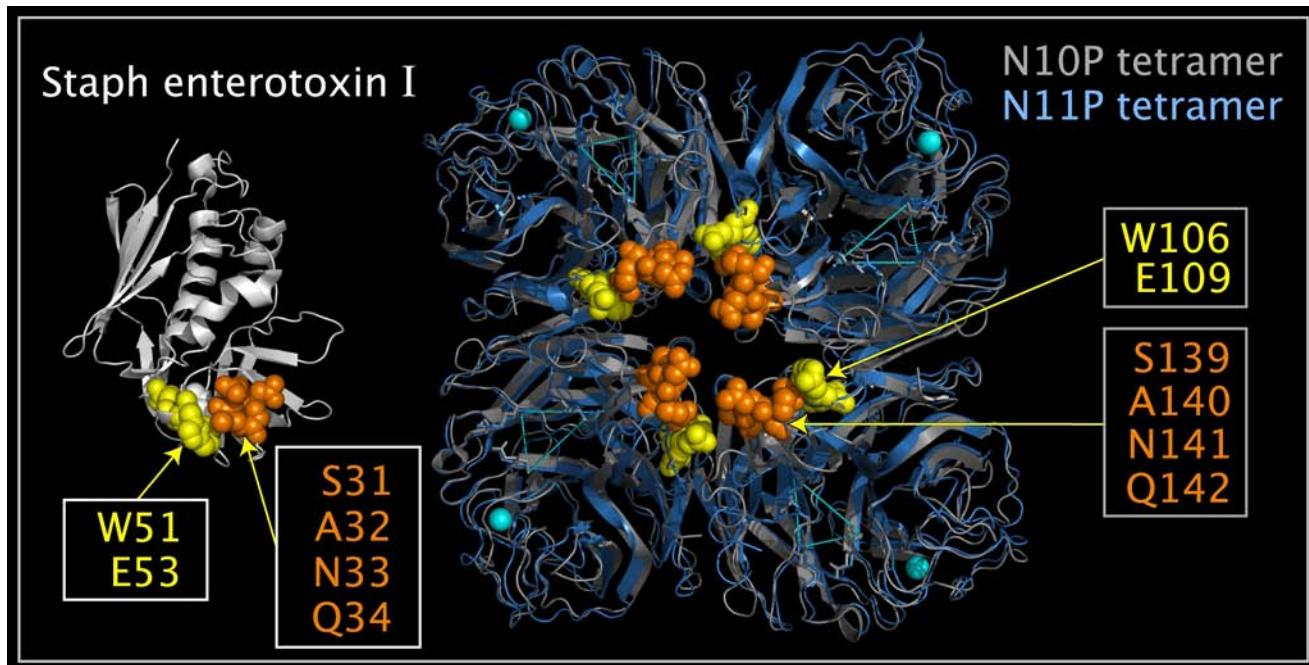
524 Figure 4. Panel 4A shows structure ribbons representing influenza A N10P [5], N11P [7], N6N [8], IBN [9]), and
525 SPN [20] structures superposed using CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O atoms. Atom spheres shown
526 for each structure are identified by lowercase letters in Fig. 1. Structure ribbons and residue spheres of N10P,
527 N11P, N6N, and IBN are color-coded as in the 'SPATIAL' row in Fig. 1. SPN residues are color coded as in the
528 'SPNSEQ' and 'SPN<>' rows in Fig. 1. Panel 4B shows substance P-like domains (green and red spheres) in the
529 Upside VLR of N6N. Panel 4C shows E2S-like (green, brown, and orange spheres) and SARSSP-like (purple,
530 red, and yellow spheres) in the Upside VLR of N11P. Panel 4D shows a C-terminal domain common to influenza
531 B viruses (light brown colored spheres) in the Upside VLR of IBN. Panel 4E shows SEI-like domains (orange and
532 yellow spheres) in the Upside VLR of N10P. Panel 4F shows a C-terminal domain common to bacterial viruses
533 (light brown colored spheres) in the Upside VLR of SPN. Medium blue spheres adjacent to the consensus active
534 site region in Panels 4A-4F are CNSR151, CNSR152, and CNSR 178 residues. Sialic acid sticks (colored
535 medium brown) are shown in the consensus active site region of N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN (Panel 4A),
536 N6N (Panel 4B), and SPN (Panel 4F).

537
538 **Figure 5 (next page). Downside VLR domains of N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN.**

539 Figure 5. Panel 5A shows structure ribbons representing influenza A N10P [5], N11P [7], N6N [8], IBN [9]), and
540 SPN [20] structures superposed using CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O atoms. Atom spheres shown
541 for each structure are identified by lowercase letters in Fig. 1. Structure ribbons and residue spheres of N10P,
542 N11P, N6N, and IBN are color-coded as in the 'SPATIAL' row in Fig. 1. SPN residues are color coded as in the
543 'SPNSEQ' and 'SPN<>' rows in Fig. 1. Panel 5B shows the Downside VLR loops of N6N (colored magenta, hot
544 pink, cyan, and salmon) in the foreground and the Upside VLR C-terminal light brown spheres also shown in
545 Panel 4B in the background. Panel 5C shows residues found in ABT and SEI (colored magenta, hot pink, cyan,
546 and salmon spheres) on the Downside VLR of N11P in the foreground and the Upside VLR E2S-like and
547 SARSSP-like residues residues also shown in Panel 4C in the background. Panel 5D shows the Downside VLR
548 loops of IBN (colored magenta, hot pink, cyan, and salmon) in the foreground and the Upside VLR C-terminal light
549 brown spheres also shown in Panel 4D in the background. Panel 5E shows the Downside VLR loops of N10P
550 (colored magenta, hot pink, cyan, and salmon) in the foreground and the Upside VLR SEI-like domain orange and
551 yellow spheres also shown in Panel 4E at the top. Panel 5F shows the Downside VLR loops of SPN (colored
552 magenta, hot pink, cyan, and salmon) in the foreground, an extra domain (colored teal) on the right hand side,
553 and the Upside VLR C-terminal light brown spheres also shown in Panel 4F in the background.
554

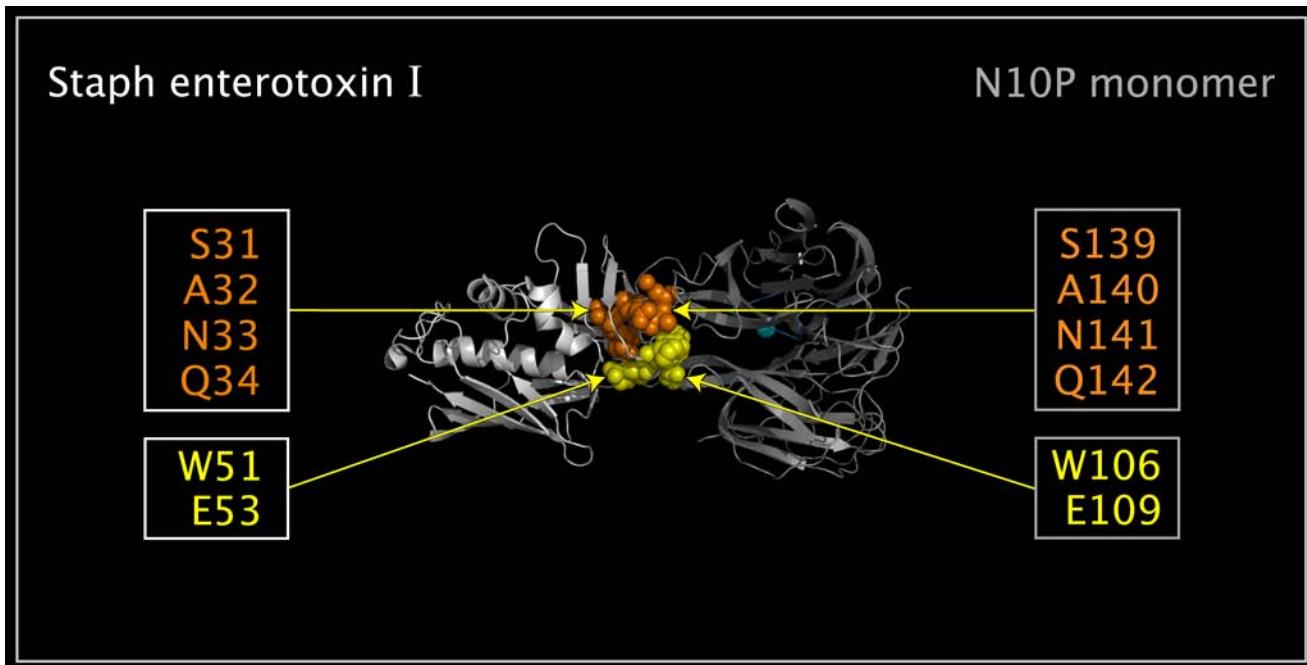
555 **Figure 5.** Downside VLR domains of N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN.

557 Figure 6. SEI domain and corresponding N10P tetramer Upside VLR residues with N11P tetramer reference.

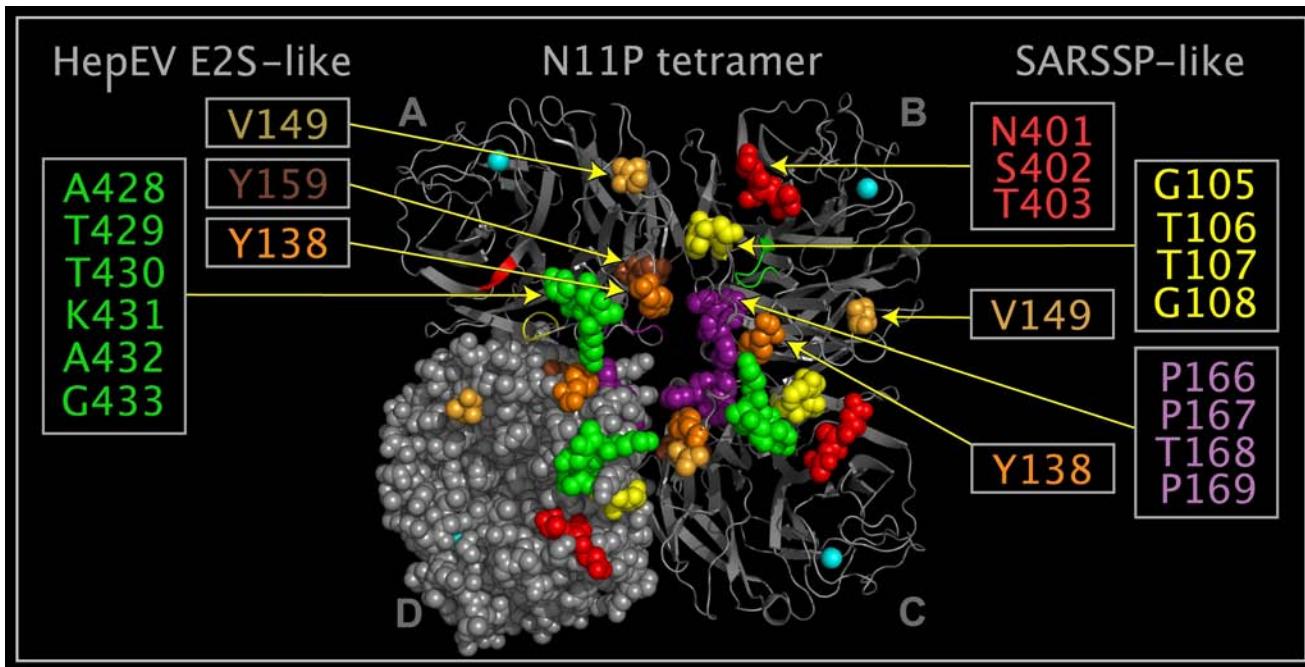


559 Figure 6. Shown are structure ribbons for SEI monomer (colored white), N10P tetramer (colored grey), and N11P
 560 tetramer (colored blue). The SEI monomer and N11P tetramer are unaltered crystal structures. The N10P
 561 tetramer was formed by translocating N10P monomers onto N11P monomers in the N11P tetramer. The yellow
 562 triangles on the N10P monomers are lines between CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O whose
 563 superposition was used to orient N10P monomers into N11P tetramer positions. Residue spheres colored orange
 564 represent: SEI residues S31, A32, N33, and Q34; and corresponding N10P Upside VLR residues S139, A140,
 565 N141, and Q142. Residue spheres colored yellow represent: SEI residues W51 and E53; and corresponding
 566 N10P Upside VLR residues W106 and E109.

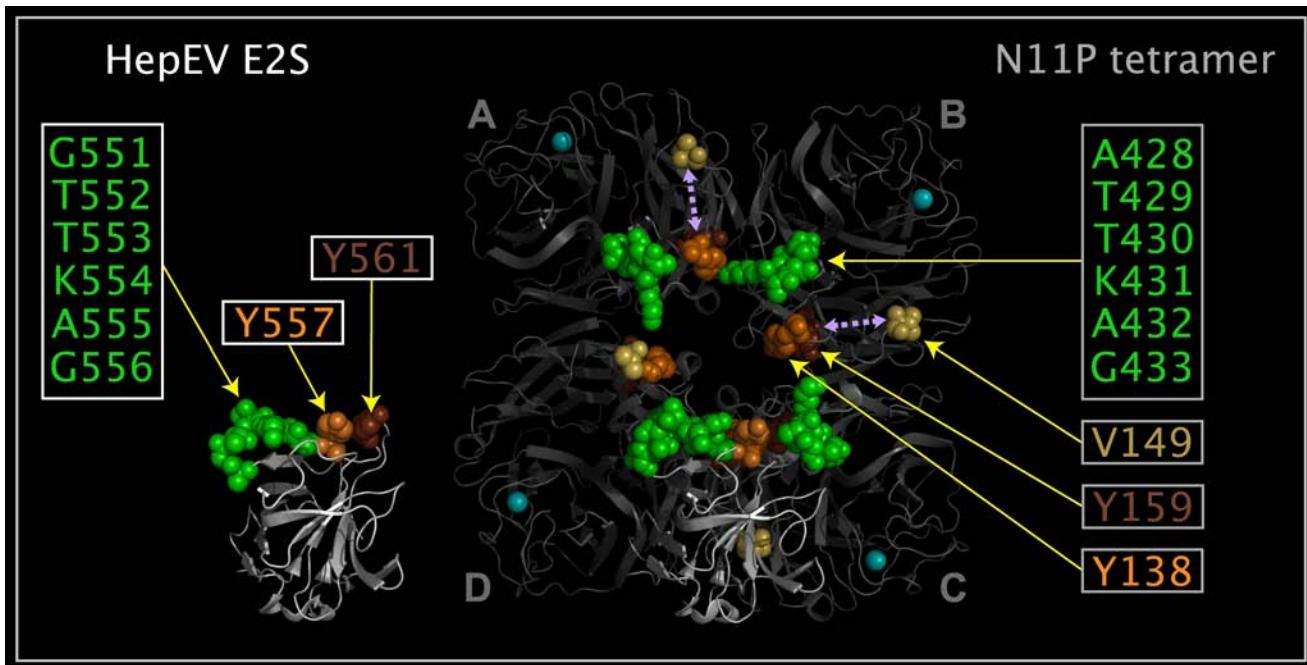
567

568 **Figure 7.** SEI and N10P Upside VLR residues in common spatial reference orientation.

570 Figure 7. Shown are structure ribbons for superposed crystal structure SEI monomer (colored white)
571 and N10P monomer (colored grey). Residue spheres colored orange represent: SEI residues S31, A32, N33, and Q34; and
572 corresponding N10P Upside VLR residues S139, A140, N141, and Q142. Residue spheres colored yellow
573 represent: SEI residues W51 and E53; and corresponding N10P Upside VLR residues W106 and E109. The SEI
574 monomer shown was superposed onto N11P tetramer Upside VLR residues using the atoms listed in Table 5.

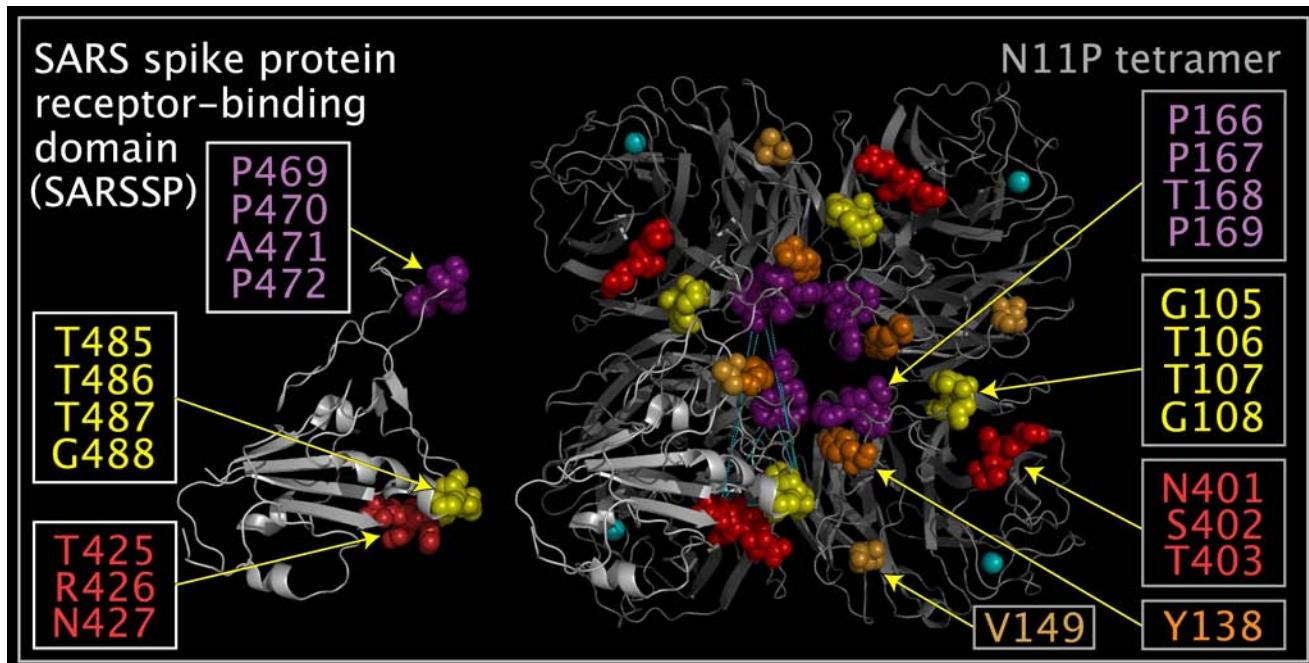
575 **Figure 8.** E2S domains, SARSSP domains, and corresponding N11P Upside VLR residues.

577 Figure 8. Shown are N11P tetramer crystal structure ribbons colored grey, associated calcium atoms are colored
 578 cyan, and spheres depicting selected N11P Upside VLR residues colored grey with the following exceptions: in
 579 monomers in positions "A", "B", "C", and "D", Y138 is colored orange, V149 is colored light tangerine and calcium
 580 atoms are colored cyan; in monomers in positions "A", "C", and "D", ALA428-G433 spheres are colored green,
 581 and Y159 is colored brown; and in monomers in positions "B", "C", and "D", G105-G108 are colored yellow, P166-
 582 P169 are colored purple, and N401-T403 are colored red. Residues between Y138 and V149 are missing in the
 583 crystal structure in monomers in positions "A", "B", and "D", and the structure is disjoint. In monomer in position
 584 "C", residue G139 is between residues Y138 and V149 and the crystal structure of this monomer chain is
 585 presented as contiguous. Green, brown, and orange spheres correspond to an E2S-like domain. Yellow, purple,
 586 and red spheres correspond to a SARS spike protein-like domain.

587 **Figure 9.** E2S and N11P Upside VLR residues in common spatial reference orientation.

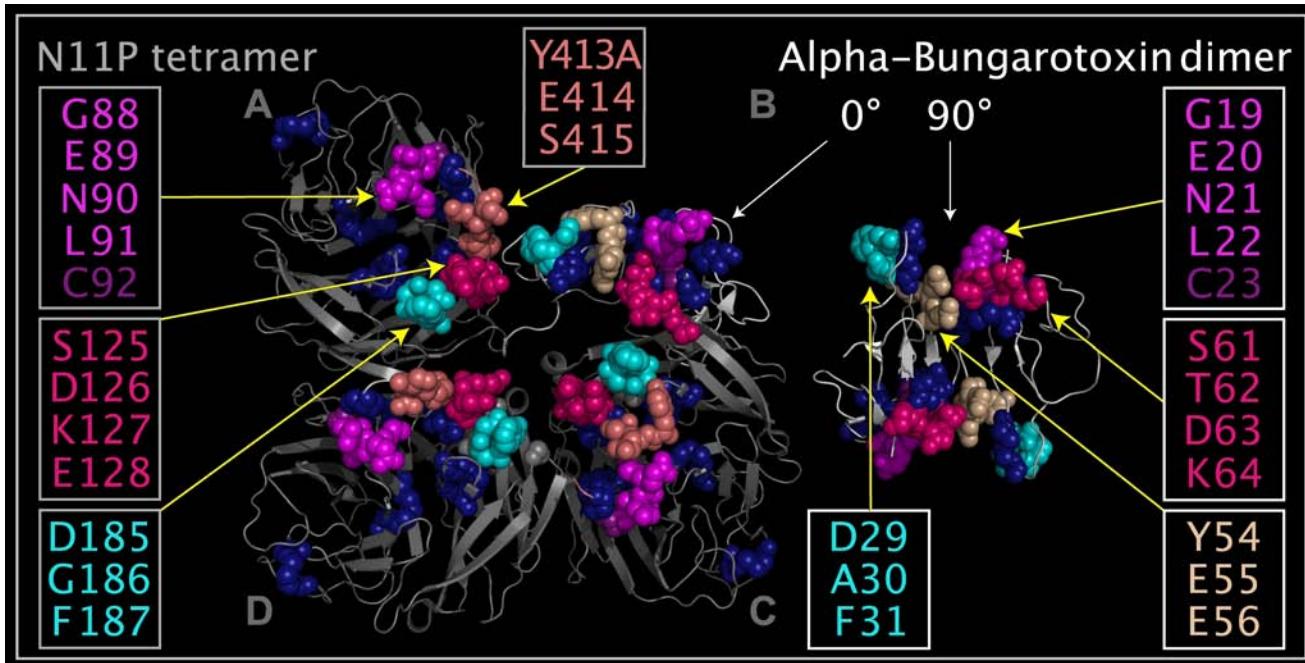
589 Figure 9. Shown are two E2S monomers (structure ribbons colored white) and a N11P tetramer (structure ribbons
 590 colored grey and associated calcium atoms colored cyan) from crystal structures. One E2S monomer is shown
 591 apart from the N11P tetramer and the other E2S monomer is shown with E2S residues superposed onto N11P
 592 tetramer Upside VLR residues using the atoms listed in Table 6. N11P Upside VLR residue spheres depict: Y138
 593 colored orange, V149 colored light tangerine, Y158 colored brown, and ALA428-G433 spheres colored green.
 594 E2S residue spheres in the stand-alone and superposed monomers depict: Y557 colored orange, Y561 colored
 595 brown, and G551-G556 colored green. V149 light tangerine residue spheres in N11P monomers in positions "A",
 596 "B", "C", and "D" and arrows in monomers in positions "A" and "B" are shown as a reference to residues missing
 597 between Y138 and V149 in the N11P monomers and have no structural correspondence in E2S. The E2S
 598 monomer residues spheres shown are superposed onto N11P residue spheres from two N11P monomers.

599 Figure 10. SARSSP and N11P Upside VLR residues in common spatial reference orientation.

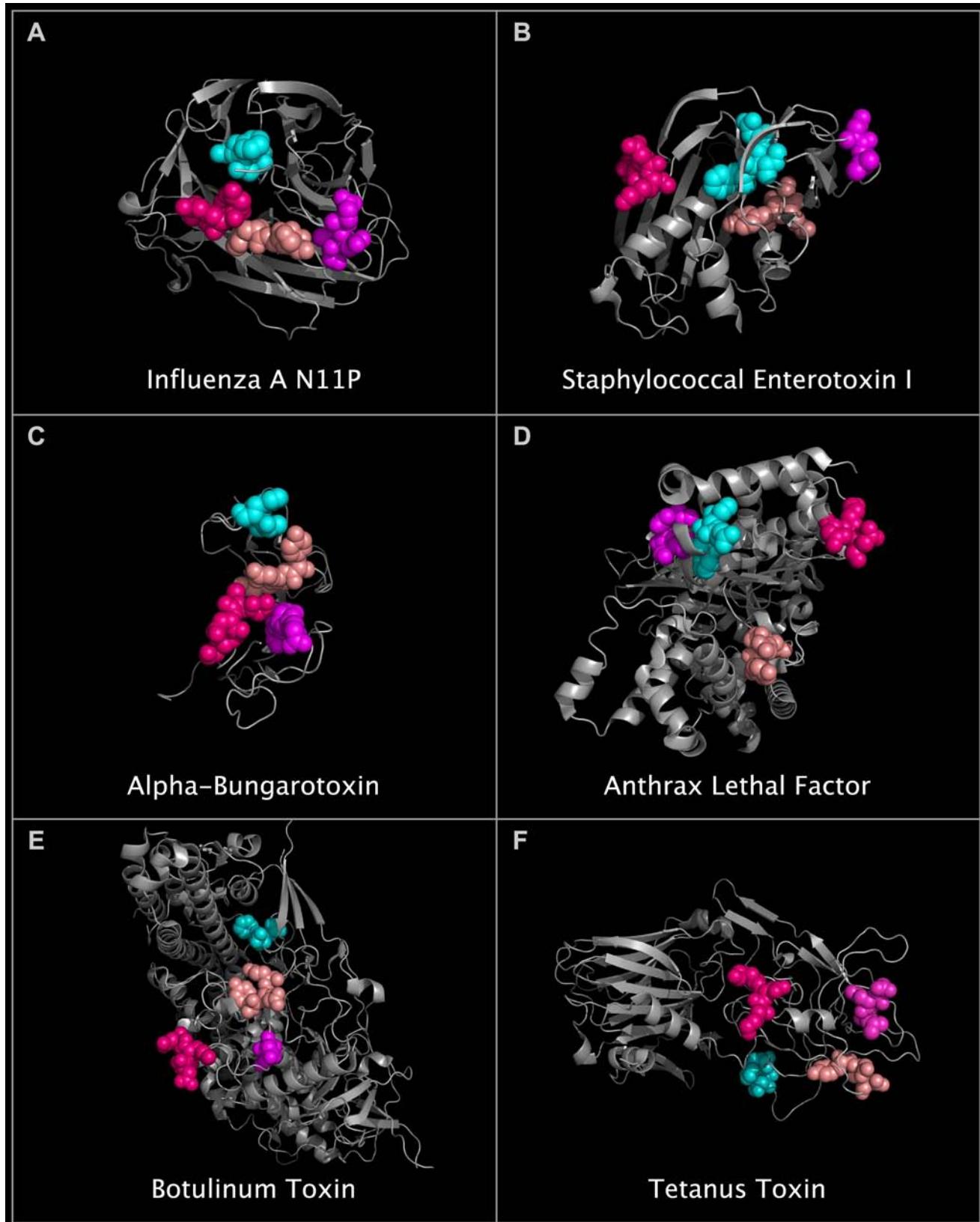


601 Figure 10. Shown are two SARSSP monomers (structure ribbons colored white)
 602 and a N11P tetramer (structure ribbons colored grey and associated calcium atoms colored cyan)
 603 from crystal structures. One SARSSP monomer is shown apart from the N11P tetramer and the other SARSSP
 604 residues superposed onto N11P tetramer Upside VLR residues using the atoms listed in Table 7. N11P Upside
 605 VLR residue spheres depict: Y138 colored orange, V149 colored light tangerine, G105-G108 colored yellow,
 606 P166-P169 colored purple, and N401-T403 colored red. SARSSP residue spheres in the stand-alone and
 607 superposed monomers depict: T485-G488 colored yellow, P469-P472 colored purple, and T425-N427 colored
 608 red. Y138 orange and V149 light tangerine residue spheres in N11P are shown as a reference to residues
 609 missing between Y138 and V149 in the N11P monomers and have no correspondence in the SARSSP monomer.

610 Figure 11. Corresponding residues in ABT dimer and N11P Downside VLR.



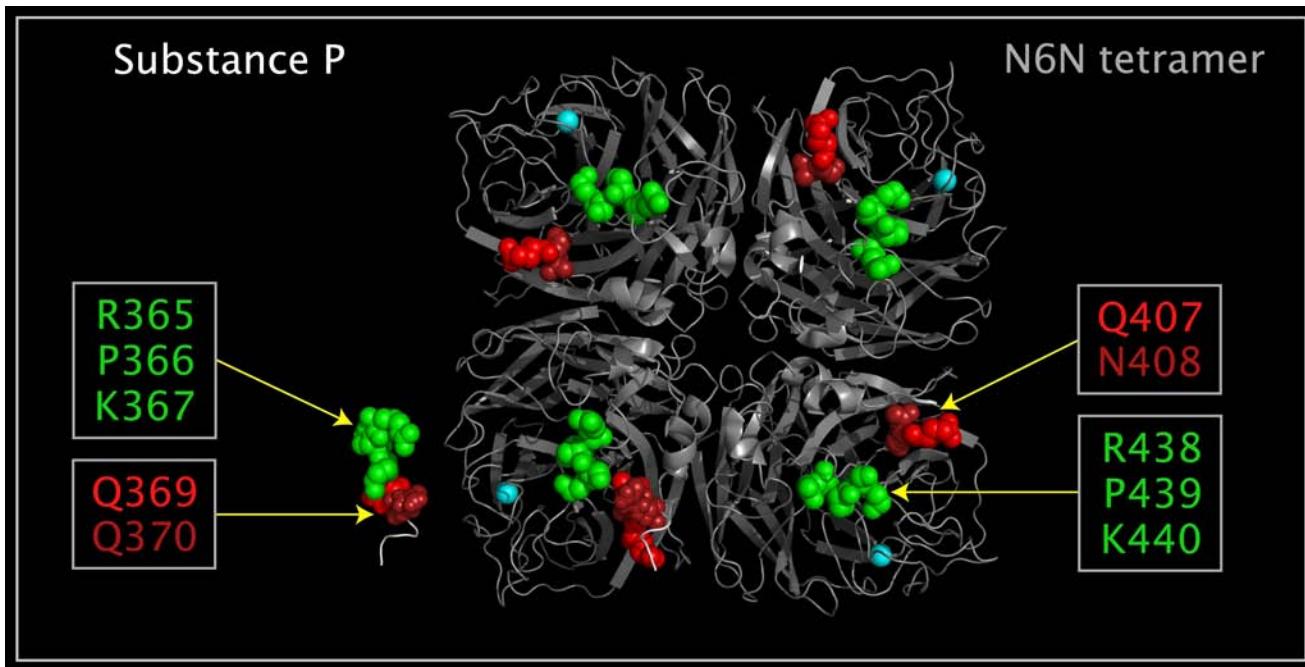
612 Figure 11. Shown are two ABT dimers (structure ribbons colored white with dark blue spheres representing
 613 disulfide bridges) and a N11P tetramer (structure ribbons colored grey and with dark blue spheres representing
 614 disulfide bridges) from the crystal structures. One ABT dimer is shown apart from the N11P tetramer and the
 615 other ABT dimer is shown at an angle that is 90 degrees rotated from the first dimer in position “B”, i.e. positioned
 616 with the ABT dimer superposed onto and substituting for the N11P monomer in position “B” in the tetramer.
 617 Atoms used to superpose the ABT dimer into the position that would be occupied by the N11P “B” monomer are
 618 listed in Table 8. N11P Downside VLR residue spheres in monomer positions “A”, “C”, and “D” depicting: G88-
 619 L91 colored magenta, C92 colored plum, S125-E128 colored hot pink, D185-F187 colored cyan, and Y413A-S415
 620 colored salmon. Corresponding ABT residue spheres in the two dimers depicting: G19-L22 colored magenta, C23
 621 colored plum, S61-K64 colored hot pink, D29-F31 colored cyan, and Y54-E56 colored tan. N11P monomers in the
 622 “A” and “D” positions are shown in the crystal structure positions. In the N11P monomer in the “C” position, the
 623 Y413A-S415 residues (colored salmon) have been rotated into the same position relative to G19-L22 (colored
 624 magenta) and D29-F31 (colored cyan) as in corresponding residues of ABT crystal structure dimer (shown in the
 625 “B” position) in order to illustrate that small movements of the mobile N11P Downside VLR residues can produce
 626 nearly identical relative residue presentation to ABT.

627 **Figure 12.** N11P Downside VLR residues and corresponding SEI, ABT, ALF, CBN, and TTX residues.

629 **Figure 12 (previous page).** N11P Downside VLR residues and corresponding SEI, ABT, ALF, CBN, and TTX residues.
630 Shown are grey structure ribbons depicting: N11P monomer (panel A), SEI monomer (panel B), ABT dimer (panel
631 C), ALF monomer (panel D), CBN monomer (panel E), and TTX monomer (panel F). Corresponding residue
632 spheres in each panel are identified and colored according to Table 9.

633

634 **Figure 13.** Reoriented Substance P residues and corresponding N6N Upside VLR residues.



636 Figure 13. Shown are a crystal structure N6N tetramer (structure ribbons colored grey), a crystal structure
637 substance P apart from the N6N tetramer, and a model-built substance P monomer superposed on a monomer in
638 the N6N tetramer. The model built structure coordinates are given as a PDB file, “WSUBP.pdb”, in supporting
639 information ([File S2](#)). The atoms used to map WSUBP.pdb onto the N6N monomer are given in Table 10. The
640 model building consisted of reorienting the first 3 residues of substance P, R365-K367 (colored green), to exactly
641 match the corresponding N6N residues, R438-K440 (colored green), and leaving the rest of the structure as in the
642 crystal structure. N11P residues, Q 407 and N408 (colored red), correspond to substance P residues, Q369 and
643 Q370 (colored red).

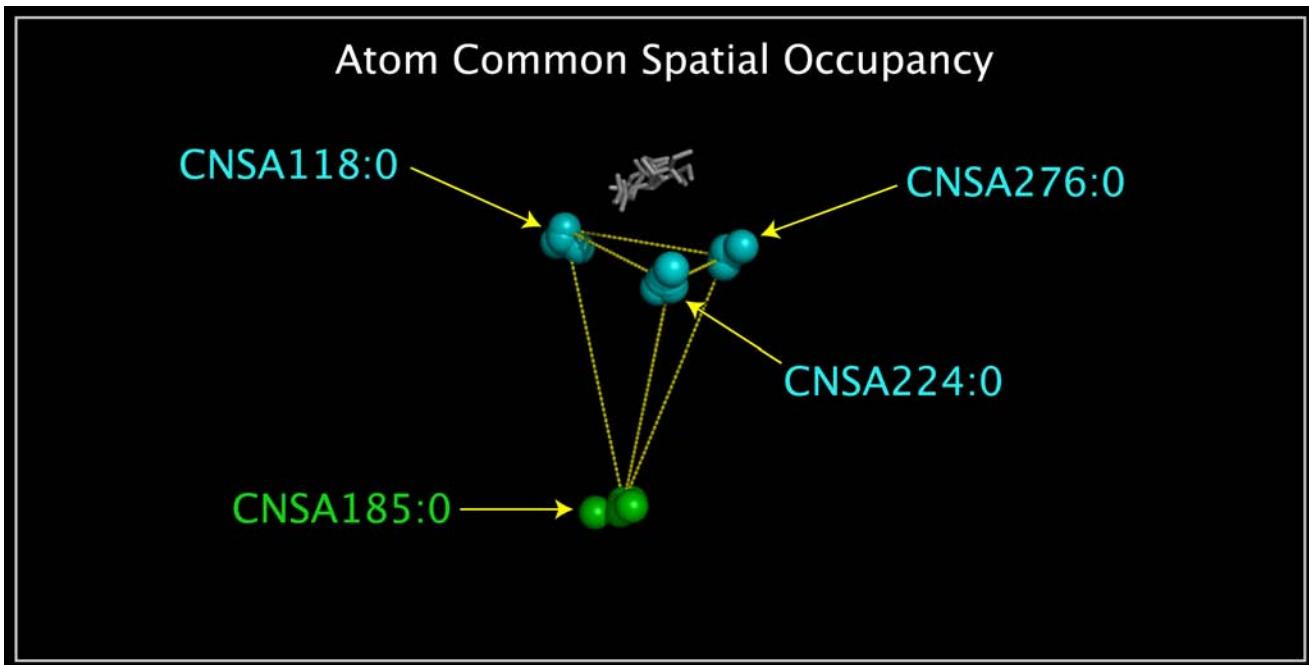
644

Figure 14. Interatomic distance population standard deviations for selected N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN atoms.

646

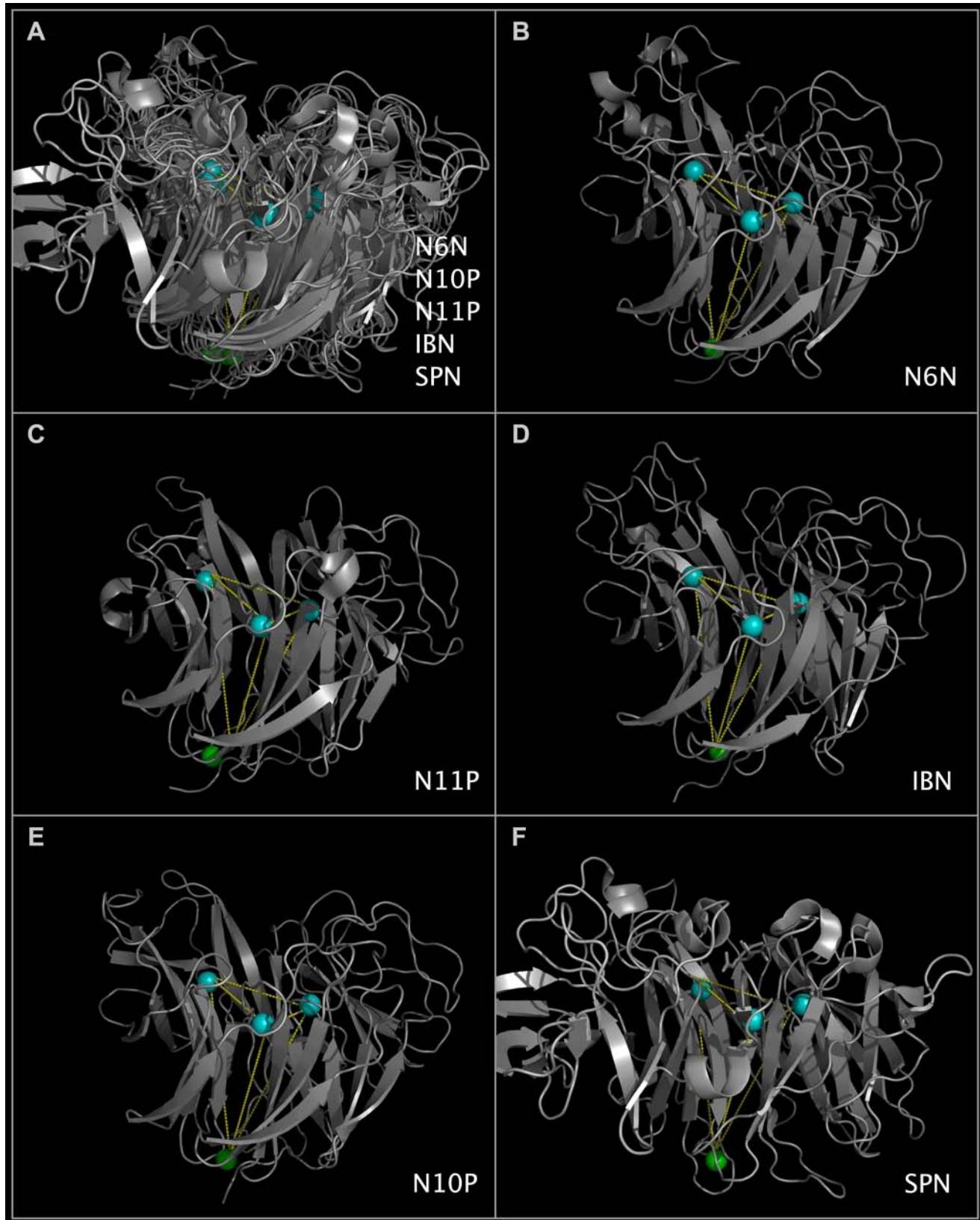
647 **Figure 14 (previous page).** Interatomic distance population standard deviations for selected N6N, N10P, N11P,
648 IBN, and SPN atoms.

649 Figure 14. Shown are the standard deviations of the interatomic distances for specific main chain oxygens of
650 N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN residues; these oxygens were selected if the Table 2 row for their associated
651 residue does not contain cysteines, prolines, or missing residues. The standard deviations colored in cyan
652 correspond to the minimal standard deviation of the distances between the CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and
653 CNSA276:O atoms. The standard deviations colored in green correspond to the minimal standard deviation of the
654 distances between the CNSA185:O atom and each of the CNSA224:O and CNSA276:O atoms. The CNSA118:O,
655 CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atoms form a tetrahedron. Values under 3.00 are colored and,
656 unless colored cyan or green as above, default to yellow.

657 **Figure 15.** Overlapping CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atom tetrahedrons.

659 Figure 15. Shown are the superposed CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atoms from
660 N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN. The CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O atoms are colored cyan. The
661 CNSA185:O atoms are colored green. The CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atoms form
662 a tetrahedron. Also shown are yellow lines drawn between the N6N CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and
663 CNSA185:O atoms. The combined superposed substrates and inhibitors from the superposed structures are
664 shown as grey sticks.

665 **Figure 16.** CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atom tetrahedrons in N6N, N10P, N11P,
666 IBN, and SPN.



668 **Figure 16 (previous page).** CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atom tetrahedrons in N6N,
669 N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN.

670 Figure 16. Panel A shows the superposed N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN structure ribbons colored grey, the
671 CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O atoms colored cyan, the CNSA185:O atoms colored green, and the
672 lines between N6N CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atoms colored yellow. Panels B-E
673 show individual N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN structures. In Panels B-E, the structure ribbons are colored
674 grey, the corresponding CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O, and CNSA276:O atoms are colored cyan, the corresponding
675 CNSA185:O atoms are colored green, and actual or superposed lines between N6N CNSA118:O, CNSA224:O,
676 CNSA276:O, and CNSA185:O atoms are colored yellow (forming a tetrahedron).

677 **Figure 17.** Interatomic distance population standard deviations for selected N10P and SEI atoms.

		N10P W106 / SEI W51														
		N	CA	C	O	CB	CG	CD1	CD2	NE1	CE2	CE3	CZ2	CZ3	CH2	
N10P E109 / SEI E53	N	1.228	0.612	0.813	1.193	0.116	0.424	0.625	0.453	0.738	0.655	0.278	0.698	0.355	0.565	
	CA	0.910	0.251	0.554	1.143	0.424	0.193	0.059	0.121	0.053	0.032	0.187	0.113	0.078	0.067	
	C	0.284	0.240	0.187	1.017	0.978	0.722	0.621	0.542	0.452	0.385	0.485	0.212	0.266	0.152	
	O	0.843	1.271	0.761	0.199	1.849	1.451	1.251	1.194	0.980	0.905	1.140	0.621	0.761	0.544	
	CB	1.350	0.546	0.743	1.220	0.110	0.063	0.035	0.138	0.020	0.071	0.264	0.103	0.293	0.201	
	C	1.348	0.542	0.623	1.125	0.122	0.006	0.056	0.033	0.111	0.106	0.004	0.152	0.054	0.130	
	CD	3.705	0.511	0.724	1.242	0.122	0.055	0.060	0.127	0.059	0.042	0.264	0.069	0.294	0.185	
	OE1	3.563	0.719	0.998	1.600	0.045	0.175	0.293	0.164	0.344	0.277	0.056	0.298	0.078	0.205	
	OE2	3.913	0.262	0.488	0.931	0.295	0.325	0.174	0.531	0.268	0.468	0.773	0.594	0.911	0.799	

679 Figure 17. Shown are the standard deviations of the interatomic distances for N10P residue atoms in W106 and
 680 E109 and the interatomic distances SEI residue atoms in W51 and E53. The standard deviations shown in magenta correspond to the minimal standard deviations less than 0.1. The standard deviations shown in yellow correspond to the minimal standard deviations less than 0.2. The TRP and GLU residues in the N10P and SEI proteins are in the same relative spatial orientation indicated by a large cluster of low interatomic distance standard deviations despite the fact that these residues are separated by two amino acids in N10P and one amino acid in SEI.
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 685

Figure Abbreviation, Reference Number, Sequence Identifier, And Sequence Descriptions

N = not included in Figure 1; I, II, III, and IV are Figure 1 sequence groupings

Numbers before sequence are: beginning sequence number - ending sequence number (as reported in PDB file) and number of amino acids in the row.

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Numbers before sequence are: beginning sequence number - ending sequence number (as reported in PDB file) and number of amino acids in the row.

ATOM	5868	N	ARG	B	365	25.143	14.015	105.317	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5869	CA	ARG	B	365	24.317	14.121	106.554	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5870	C	ARG	B	365	24.505	12.854	107.384	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5871	O	ARG	B	365	24.737	11.715	106.988	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5872	CB	ARG	B	365	22.839	14.317	106.150	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5873	CG	ARG	B	365	22.833	15.678	105.407	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5874	CD	ARG	B	365	21.465	16.371	105.483	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5875	NE	ARG	B	365	21.606	17.800	105.226	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5876	CZ	ARG	B	365	20.705	18.638	105.726	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5877	NH1	ARG	B	365	19.771	18.193	106.522	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5878	NH2	ARG	B	365	20.754	19.907	105.422	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5894	N	PRO	B	366	24.341	13.112	108.653	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5895	CA	PRO	B	366	24.251	14.327	109.512	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5896	C	PRO	B	366	25.622	14.975	109.649	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5897	O	PRO	B	366	26.634	14.281	109.744	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5898	CB	PRO	B	366	23.736	13.786	110.855	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5899	CG	PRO	B	366	24.164	12.355	110.874	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5900	CD	PRO	B	366	24.090	11.881	109.421	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5908	N	LYS	B	367	26.770	14.329	109.791	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5909	CA	LYS	B	367	27.972	15.062	110.152	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5910	C	LYS	B	367	28.333	16.041	109.030	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5911	O	LYS	B	367	29.021	16.981	109.430	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5912	CB	LYS	B	367	29.133	14.091	110.387	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5913	CG	LYS	B	367	28.996	13.083	111.533	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5914	CD	LYS	B	367	29.066	13.913	112.822	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5915	CE	LYS	B	367	28.871	12.899	113.953	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5916	NZ	LYS	B	367	27.414	12.719	114.207	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5930	N	PRO	B	368	28.565	16.453	107.807	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5931	CA	PRO	B	368	29.636	15.856	106.952	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5932	C	PRO	B	368	31.029	16.188	107.479	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5933	O	PRO	B	368	31.238	17.237	108.089	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5934	CB	PRO	B	368	29.386	16.488	105.576	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5935	CG	PRO	B	368	28.763	17.802	105.891	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5936	CD	PRO	B	368	27.861	17.539	107.096	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5944	N	GLN	B	369	31.983	15.298	107.233	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5945	CA	GLN	B	369	33.347	15.527	107.682	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5946	C	GLN	B	369	33.990	16.644	106.867	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5947	O	GLN	B	369	33.918	16.647	105.638	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5948	CB	GLN	B	369	34.167	14.241	107.548	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5949	CG	GLN	B	369	35.453	14.526	106.766	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5950	CD	GLN	B	369	36.657	14.456	107.700	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5951	NE2	GLN	B	369	36.864	13.377	108.402	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5952	OE1	GLN	B	369	37.428	15.411	107.791	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5961	N	GLN	B	370	34.616	17.595	107.559	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5962	CA	GLN	B	370	35.270	18.725	106.891	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5963	C	GLN	B	370	36.780	18.519	106.838	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5964	O	GLN	B	370	37.447	18.482	107.872	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5965	CB	GLN	B	370	34.962	20.019	107.646	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5966	CG	GLN	B	370	33.548	19.949	108.227	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5967	CD	GLN	B	370	32.635	20.926	107.495	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5968	NE2	GLN	B	370	32.123	21.938	108.142	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5969	OE1	GLN	B	370	32.381	20.764	106.302	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5978	N	PHE	B	371	37.311	18.394	105.627	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5979	CA	PHE	B	371	38.746	18.202	105.448	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5980	C	PHE	B	371	39.512	19.419	105.954	1.00	1.00	C

ATOM	5981	O	PHE	B	371	40.545	19.290	106.610	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	5982	CB	PHE	B	371	39.062	17.972	103.969	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5983	CG	PHE	B	371	40.390	17.267	103.840	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5984	CD1	PHE	B	371	41.575	18.010	103.794	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5985	CD2	PHE	B	371	40.436	15.868	103.766	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5986	CE1	PHE	B	371	42.807	17.356	103.674	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5987	CE2	PHE	B	371	41.668	15.215	103.647	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5988	CZ	PHE	B	371	42.854	15.959	103.600	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	5998	N	PHE	B	372	38.996	20.603	105.638	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	5999	CA	PHE	B	372	39.630	21.846	106.059	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6000	C	PHE	B	372	39.602	21.976	107.578	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6001	O	PHE	B	372	40.541	22.491	108.186	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	6002	CB	PHE	B	372	38.914	23.040	105.426	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6003	CG	PHE	B	372	39.928	24.107	105.081	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6004	CD1	PHE	B	372	41.290	23.873	105.293	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6005	CD2	PHE	B	372	39.501	25.330	104.550	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6006	CE1	PHE	B	372	42.229	24.861	104.973	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6007	CE2	PHE	B	372	40.439	26.319	104.231	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6008	CZ	PHE	B	372	41.803	26.084	104.443	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6018	N	GLY	B	373	38.516	21.511	108.183	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	6019	CA	GLY	B	373	38.371	21.583	109.632	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6020	C	GLY	B	373	39.491	20.822	110.327	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6021	O	GLY	B	373	39.932	21.201	111.412	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	6025	N	LEU	B	374	39.952	19.745	109.698	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	6026	CA	LEU	B	374	41.026	18.942	110.272	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6027	C	LEU	B	374	42.328	19.734	110.276	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6028	O	LEU	B	374	42.713	20.322	109.265	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	6029	CB	LEU	B	374	41.195	17.644	109.465	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6030	CG	LEU	B	374	40.934	16.401	110.367	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6031	CD1	LEU	B	374	40.336	15.260	109.529	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6032	CD2	LEU	B	374	42.250	15.912	111.003	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6044	N	MET	B	375	43.004	19.745	111.423	1.00	1.00	N
ATOM	6045	CA	MET	B	375	44.267	20.471	111.557	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6046	C	MET	B	375	43.554	21.819	111.540	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6047	O	MET	B	375	42.458	21.893	112.070	1.00	1.00	O
ATOM	6048	CB	MET	B	375	45.685	20.651	112.104	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6049	CG	MET	B	375	46.204	19.312	112.635	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6050	SD	MET	B	375	47.630	18.787	111.649	1.00	1.00	S
ATOM	6051	CE	MET	B	375	48.891	19.772	112.497	1.00	1.00	C
ATOM	6052	OXT	MET	B	375	44.116	22.755	110.997	1.00	1.00	O

END

>> N6N, N10P, N11P, IBN, and SPN Example of Common Distributed Relative Spatial Occupancy <<

Original Data from 1W1X.pdb (22 points):

ATOM	293	O	ARG A 124	32.542	4.910	59.543	1.00	14.80	
ATOM	770	O	TRP A 185	39.672	4.897	56.458	1.00	13.17	
ATOM	784	O	SER A 186	40.878	0.283	56.594	1.00	15.41	
ATOM	825	O	ASP A 192	34.555	-19.986	56.865	1.00	18.02	
ATOM	904	O	GLY A 203	48.222	7.443	56.825	1.00	18.27	
ATOM	983	O	TYR A 214	43.328	-13.981	64.025	1.00	16.85	
ATOM	1105	O	LEU A 230	44.646	2.786	51.864	1.00	18.46	
ATOM	1113	O	ARG A 231	41.929	-0.134	49.208	1.00	16.63	
ATOM	1149	O	SER A 235	33.584	-4.759	53.629	1.00	14.85	
ATOM	1202	O	GLY A 242	40.087	-18.835	53.462	1.00	18.72	
ATOM	1255	O	ASP A 250	46.557	2.834	43.371	1.00	19.94	
ATOM	1263	O	GLY A 251	44.703	6.760	44.397	1.00	20.15	
ATOM	1389	O	GLY A 267	46.987	-13.160	56.350	1.00	17.71	
ATOM	1511	O	GLU A 283	34.396	1.036	45.104	1.00	15.09	
ATOM	1877	O	ASP A 331	24.511	8.068	41.321	1.00	16.01	
ATOM	1898	O	ARG A 334	22.914	13.063	37.830	1.00	16.82	
ATOM	2137	O	TRP A 368	19.911	-4.598	43.297	1.00	19.40	
ATOM	2218	O	ARG A 378	22.228	12.223	51.392	1.00	17.66	
ATOM	2235	O	GLY A 380	18.788	8.473	49.691	1.00	17.40	
ATOM	2492	O	SER A 413	26.956	0.641	50.022	1.00	16.30	
ATOM	2659	O	GLU A 433	23.619	6.960	55.288	1.00	16.40	
ATOM	2914	O	TRP A 466	16.074	5.722	58.706	1.00	14.95	

Distance Matrix for above 22 points from 1W1X.pdb:

	ARG124	TRP185	SER186	ASP192	GLY203	TYR214	LEU230	ARG231	SER235	GLY242	ASP250	GLY251	GLY267	GLU283	ASP331	ARG334	TRP368	ARG378	GLY380	SER413	GLU433	TRP466
ARG124	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TRP185	7.769	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SER186	9.980	4.771	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASP192	25.120	25.407	21.234	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY203	16.114	8.929	10.259	30.645	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TYR214	22.210	20.664	16.269	12.818	23.125	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
LEU230	14.491	7.092	6.545	25.405	7.687	20.755	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ARG231	14.845	9.109	7.472	22.519	12.451	20.328	4.792	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SER235	11.382	11.760	9.350	15.597	19.323	16.973	13.506	10.515	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY242	25.646	23.924	19.389	6.596	27.713	12.068	22.154	19.267	15.506	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASP250	21.500	14.931	14.615	29.101	14.319	26.828	8.705	8.019	18.198	24.764	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY251	19.512	13.200	14.330	31.205	12.935	28.589	8.459	8.853	18.481	27.542	4.461	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY267	23.353	19.483	14.768	14.192	20.645	8.542	16.730	15.693	16.051	9.389	20.602	23.343	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLU283	15.064	13.102	13.214	24.089	19.225	25.755	12.403	8.658	10.340	22.296	12.415	11.811	22.057	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASP331	20.162	21.657	23.701	33.608	28.337	36.820	23.334	20.805	19.958	33.373	22.751	20.467	34.375	12.707	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ARG334	25.112	26.354	28.950	39.876	32.139	42.829	27.836	25.791	26.098	39.456	26.350	23.614	40.127	18.149	6.300	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TRP368	22.669	25.571	25.303	25.206	33.608	32.650	27.198	23.231	17.138	26.704	27.663	27.292	31.254	15.647	13.620	18.730	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ARG378	15.043	19.586	22.747	34.919	26.982	35.937	24.328	23.358	20.551	35.886	27.284	24.164	35.803	17.685	11.131	13.605	18.811	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY380	17.290	22.242	24.550	33.316	30.304	36.220	26.565	24.695	20.236	34.837	29.032	26.506	36.160	17.887	10.148	13.371	14.594	5.366	0.000	-----	-----	-----
SER413	11.835	14.874	15.399	23.023	23.341	26.037	17.915	15.015	9.279	23.740	20.815	19.597	25.135	8.927	11.698	17.869	11.059	12.585	11.321	0.000	-----	
GLU433	10.096	16.227	18.552	29.123	24.656	30.055	21.709	20.556	15.472	30.658	26.176	23.732	30.855	15.967	14.039	18.507	17.062	6.694	7.547	8.877	0.000	-----
TRP466	16.509	23.719	25.481	31.715	32.249	34.048	29.526	28.160	21.029	34.744	34.245	32.023	36.300	23.295	19.466	23.162	18.938	11.560	9.808	14.820	8.375	0.000

Original Data from 4VFV.pdb (22 points):

ATOM	293	O	ARG A 118	-7.217	-39.973	23.523	1.00	19.36	
ATOM	557	O	TRP A 154	4.466	-35.386	28.327	1.00	33.21	
ATOM	756	O	SER A 179	-2.336	-34.410	18.061	1.00	21.63	
ATOM	796	O	ASP A 185	-7.099	-42.180	-1.165	1.00	23.11	
ATOM	881	O	GLY A 196	1.976	-27.673	22.767	1.00	41.18	
ATOM	973	O	TYR A 207	4.146	-41.648	4.669	1.00	25.84	
ATOM	1090	O	LEU A 223	-2.078	-27.428	19.099	1.00	26.36	
ATOM	1098	O	ARG A 224	-5.797	-27.972	16.023	1.00	23.11	
ATOM	1132	O	SER A 228	-9.715	-36.426	13.059	1.00	20.90	
ATOM	1184	O	GLY A 235	-4.573	-36.000	-1.891	1.00	26.30	
ATOM	1239	O	ASP A 243	-6.321	-20.388	18.236	1.00	29.31	
ATOM	1247	O	GLY A 244	-4.992	-20.515	21.506	1.00	31.41	
ATOM	1378	O	GLY A 260	2.514	-33.745	4.489	1.00	25.11	
ATOM	1509	O	GLU A 276	-14.628	-27.882	17.679	1.00	21.34	
ATOM	1887	O	ASP A 324	-24.904	-29.692	25.184	1.00	29.53	

ATOM	1913	O	ARG A	327	-27.588	-26.475	29.864	1.00	39.08	O
ATOM	2129	O	TRP A	361	-27.898	-34.298	13.349	1.00	24.80	O
ATOM	2454	O	ARG A	406	-17.968	-39.082	22.230	1.00	17.66	O
ATOM	2224	O	GLY A	373	-26.151	-39.431	26.618	1.00	27.35	O
ATOM	2465	O	SER A	407	-17.954	-36.270	18.433	1.00	16.93	O
ATOM	2633	O	GLU A	425	-19.239	-41.968	25.634	1.00	24.31	O
ATOM	2851	O	TRP A	458	-26.179	-50.268	26.304	1.00	34.09	O

Distance Matrix for above 22 points from 4FVK.pdb:

	ARG118	TRP154	SER179	ASP185	GLY196	TYR207	LEU223	ARG224	SER228	GLY235	ASP243	GLY244	GLY260	GLU276	ASP324	ARG327	TRP361	ARG406	GLY373	SER407	GLU425	TRP458
ARG118	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
TRP154	13.439	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
SER179	9.198	12.354	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
ASP185	24.787	32.399	21.277	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
GLY196	15.374	9.829	9.280	29.420	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
TYR207	22.077	24.475	16.545	12.679	22.968	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
LEU223	14.260	13.831	7.063	25.563	5.473	21.194	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
ARG224	14.223	17.655	7.588	22.338	10.295	20.367	4.857	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
SER228	11.328	20.864	9.140	15.565	17.537	17.023	13.258	9.778	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
GLY235	25.858	31.547	20.140	6.716	26.837	12.286	22.810	19.669	15.815	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
ASP243	20.306	21.051	14.578	29.187	11.935	27.306	8.265	7.918	17.191	25.532	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
GLY244	19.688	18.898	14.560	31.429	10.069	28.524	7.879	9.291	18.623	28.060	3.532	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
GLY260	22.266	23.974	14.428	13.983	19.268	8.072	16.566	15.344	15.172	9.799	21.106	22.824	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
GLU276	15.338	23.114	13.923	24.824	17.367	26.669	12.638	8.985	10.885	23.452	11.202	12.719	22.410	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	
ASP324	20.525	30.082	24.131	34.165	27.064	37.520	23.731	21.259	20.569	34.441	21.913	22.231	34.590	12.853	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	----	
ARG327	25.246	33.305	28.982	40.364	30.427	43.267	27.705	25.858	26.474	40.358	24.991	24.818	40.036	17.844	6.281	0.000	----	----	----	----	----	
TRP361	23.736	35.678	25.993	26.559	32.016	34.003	27.330	23.144	18.309	27.914	26.133	27.950	31.681	15.363	13.048	18.277	0.000	----	----	----	----	
ARG406	10.865	23.540	16.839	25.982	22.983	28.355	19.953	17.609	12.620	27.762	22.385	22.664	27.618	12.542	12.042	17.600	14.155	0.000	----	----	----	
GLY373	19.193	30.930	25.799	33.800	30.728	37.478	27.931	25.649	21.518	35.919	28.742	28.838	36.657	18.603	9.923	13.434	14.334	9.292	0.000	----	----	
SER407	12.446	24.522	15.733	23.170	22.134	26.585	18.184	14.915	9.838	24.335	19.688	20.632	24.895	9.055	11.711	17.872	11.341	4.725	12.007	0.000	----	
GLU425	12.368	24.749	20.005	29.421	25.742	31.408	23.423	21.655	16.720	31.754	26.216	26.082	31.431	16.821	13.528	18.101	16.874	4.640	7.428	9.272	0.000	
TRP458	21.755	34.127	29.798	34.409	36.273	38.236	33.977	31.910	25.261	38.280	36.773	36.840	39.651	26.626	20.646	24.099	20.636	14.462	10.842	18.043	10.840	

Original Data from 4K3Y.pdb (22 points):

ATOM	273	O	ARG A	118	86.013	-31.444	7.522	1.00	56.67	○
ATOM	656	O	TRP A	178	88.849	-34.460	2.688	1.00	49.42	○
ATOM	670	O	SER A	179	93.277	-35.859	4.171	1.00	53.94	○
ATOM	709	O	ASP A	185	105.225	-37.767	21.429	1.00	52.27	○
ATOM	795	O	GLY A	196	94.498	-34.397	-6.670	1.00	50.02	○
ATOM	851	O	TYR A	207	106.946	-30.939	10.936	1.00	63.94	○
ATOM	964	O	LEU A	223	92.738	-41.170	-0.317	1.00	52.48	○
ATOM	972	O	ARG A	224	92.961	-43.636	3.851	1.00	62.04	○
ATOM	1004	O	SER A	228	92.319	-39.210	12.455	1.00	45.89	○
ATOM	1052	O	GLY A	235	107.336	-41.621	17.743	1.00	70.71	○
ATOM	1109	O	ASP A	243	91.692	-49.165	-1.492	1.00	50.57	○
ATOM	1117	O	GLY A	244	89.925	-47.451	-4.112	1.00	55.92	○
ATOM	1246	O	GLY A	260	106.478	-38.506	8.356	1.00	57.83	○
ATOM	1364	O	GLU A	276	86.341	-47.175	8.114	1.00	41.55	○
ATOM	1748	O	ASP A	324	73.896	-48.836	10.981	1.00	51.88	○
ATOM	1770	O	ARG A	327	68.828	-50.633	8.330	1.00	63.20	○
ATOM	1990	O	TRP A	361	80.624	-50.235	21.761	1.00	60.69	○
ATOM	2331	O	ARG A	406	79.890	-38.238	13.499	1.00	52.56	○
ATOM	2086	O	GLY A	373	70.977	-40.796	16.164	1.00	52.43	○
ATOM	2342	O	SER A	407	82.932	-41.872	14.302	1.00	45.15	○
ATOM	2510	O	GLU A	425	77.347	-35.609	12.904	1.00	60.39	○
ATOM	2708	O	TRP A	458	71.677	-31.201	23.071	1.00	65.69	○

Distance Matrix for above 22 points from 4K3Y.pdb:

SER228	11.154	11.402	8.987	15.785	19.841	16.872	12.928	9.697	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY235	25.743	24.894	20.373	5.736	28.513	12.673	23.226	20.092	16.102	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASP243	20.677	15.550	14.548	28.956	15.899	26.820	8.148	7.793	17.147	25.916	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY244	20.171	14.703	14.636	31.308	14.066	28.086	7.859	9.337	18.658	28.544	3.595	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY260	21.665	18.955	14.099	13.154	19.652	8.008	16.465	15.143	14.757	9.927	20.718	22.571	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLU276	15.746	14.050	13.846	24.948	21.175	26.384	12.168	8.633	10.864	23.756	11.174	12.743	21.925	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASP324	21.477	22.339	24.298	34.831	30.732	37.585	23.269	21.008	20.838	34.871	21.734	22.060	34.281	12.879	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ARG327	25.772	26.348	28.867	40.766	33.876	42.984	27.129	25.523	26.445	40.653	24.928	24.698	39.555	17.852	5.995	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TRP361	24.185	26.082	26.003	27.582	35.379	34.386	26.765	22.727	18.572	28.353	25.775	27.635	31.396	15.109	12.784	17.880	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ARG406	10.926	14.540	16.489	26.551	25.198	28.140	19.093	17.119	12.511	27.977	21.987	22.265	27.082	12.267	12.433	17.399	14.585	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY373	19.703	23.263	25.797	34.782	33.400	37.660	27.300	25.357	21.720	36.403	28.476	28.538	36.422	18.481	10.001	12.758	14.611	9.648	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----
SER407	12.814	14.994	15.678	23.762	25.089	26.599	17.617	14.592	9.930	24.647	19.478	20.472	24.517	8.834	11.882	17.645	11.441	4.807	12.147	0.000	-----	-----	
GLU425	11.019	15.427	18.168	29.232	26.053	30.030	21.038	19.753	15.406	30.966	24.429	24.248	29.626	15.415	13.804	17.867	17.410	3.706	8.838	8.507	0.000	-----	-----
TRP458	21.151	26.851	29.077	34.224	37.624	37.299	33.014	31.258	24.555	37.530	36.423	36.551	38.484	26.342	21.496	24.556	21.073	14.443	11.843	17.817	12.448	0.000	

Original Data from 1A4G.pdb (22 points):

ATOM	312	O	ARG A 115	4.385	50.615	-4.433	1.00	5.48		O													
ATOM	796	O	TRP A 176	0.827	51.334	-11.511	1.00	6.60		O													
ATOM	810	O	SER A 177	-0.271	46.725	-11.977	1.00	5.12		O													
ATOM	847	O	ASP A 183	-6.159	27.896	-4.274	1.00	8.37		O													
ATOM	939	O	GLY A 194	1.200	52.406	-20.699	1.00	10.76		O													
ATOM	1019	O	TYR A 205	2.374	30.784	-13.885	1.00	13.88		O													
ATOM	1152	O	LEU A 221	-4.704	50.750	-16.197	1.00	9.50		O													
ATOM	1160	O	ARG A 222	-7.500	48.630	-13.066	1.00	12.18		O													
ATOM	1196	O	SER A 226	-4.636	43.422	-4.848	1.00	10.68		O													
ATOM	1239	O	GLY A 233	-9.130	29.475	-9.672	1.00	9.53		O													
ATOM	1300	O	ASP A 241	-12.761	53.386	-16.618	1.00	11.87		O													
ATOM	1308	O	GLY A 242	-10.068	56.852	-15.900	1.00	11.10		O													
ATOM	1429	O	GLY A 258	-4.430	33.958	-16.864	1.00	7.85		O													
ATOM	1559	O	GLU A 274	-11.159	52.010	-6.042	1.00	9.27		O													
ATOM	1943	O	ASP A 323	-11.543	60.383	3.557	1.00	13.23		O													
ATOM	1965	O	ARG A 326	-13.300	66.002	4.585	1.00	12.54		O													
ATOM	2232	O	TRP A 363	-11.991	46.912	7.597	1.00	9.84		O													
ATOM	2321	O	ARG A 373	-0.214	61.260	5.138	1.00	6.97		O													
ATOM	2340	O	GLY A 375	-3.198	58.362	8.633	1.00	11.08		O													
ATOM	2610	O	SER A 409	-5.482	50.040	1.766	1.00	7.86		O													
ATOM	2748	O	GLU A 427	1.210	54.622	4.031	1.00	9.86		O													
ATOM	2956	O	TRP A 455	-0.035	50.826	18.009	1.00	11.17		O													

Distance Matrix for above 22 points from 1A4G.pdb:

ARG115	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TRP176	7.955	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SER177	9.681	4.761	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASP183	25.047	25.505	21.179	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY194	16.671	9.258	10.512	30.408	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TYR205	22.060	20.744	16.273	13.173	22.701	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
LEU221	14.867	7.273	7.325	25.818	7.607	21.309	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ARG222	14.823	8.892	7.555	22.561	12.174	20.412	4.703	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SER226	11.545	11.698	8.988	15.611	19.132	17.045	13.509	10.142	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY233	25.632	24.090	19.528	6.361	27.462	12.321	22.689	19.522	15.427	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASP241	21.216	14.660	14.897	29.081	14.578	27.338	8.488	7.932	17.431	25.163	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY242	19.475	12.977	14.626	31.447	13.029	28.955	8.130	9.068	18.221	28.092	4.448	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY258	22.576	18.927	14.289	14.080	19.666	8.077	16.807	15.463	15.297	9.691	21.140	23.598	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLU274	15.689	13.192	13.480	24.690	19.176	26.367	12.099	8.611	10.850	22.915	10.785	11.037	22.097	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ASP323	20.321	21.493	23.556	33.848	28.537	37.068	23.017	20.756	20.150	33.707	21.389	19.830	34.145	12.743	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ARG326	25.117	25.958	28.560	39.769	32.162	42.745	27.174	25.436	25.960	39.432	24.678	22.667	39.567	17.700	5.976	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TRP363	20.654	23.430	22.815	23.163	31.699	30.462	25.179	21.215	14.871	24.707	25.077	25.585	28.693	14.584	14.071	19.370	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ARG373	15.036	19.411	22.454	35.172	27.349	36.019	24.203	23.324	20.916	36.182	26.320	23.646	35.317	18.175	11.472	13.930	18.725	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
GLY375	16.978	21.711	23.849	33.220	30.252	36.037	26.014	24.															

>> N10P and SEI Example of Common Localized Relative Spatial Occupancy <<

Original Data from 4VFK.pdb (23 points):

ATOM	199	N	TRP	A	106	-15.310	-52.464	30.222	1.00	23.48		N
ATOM	200	CA	TRP	A	106	-14.530	-52.396	31.461	1.00	24.83		C
ATOM	201	C	TRP	A	106	-15.260	-51.623	32.560	1.00	26.50		C
ATOM	202	O	TRP	A	106	-16.159	-50.841	32.281	1.00	23.87		O
ATOM	203	CB	TRP	A	106	-13.156	-51.768	31.225	1.00	21.96		C
ATOM	204	CG	TRP	A	106	-12.403	-52.299	30.014	1.00	22.29		C
ATOM	205	CD1	TRP	A	106	-11.745	-51.552	29.070	1.00	21.06		C
ATOM	206	CD2	TRP	A	106	-12.243	-53.672	29.618	1.00	21.43		C
ATOM	207	NE1	TRP	A	106	-11.190	-52.368	28.127	1.00	21.34		N
ATOM	208	CE2	TRP	A	106	-11.475	-53.674	28.432	1.00	19.57		C
ATOM	209	CE3	TRP	A	106	-12.686	-54.904	30.145	1.00	22.36		C
ATOM	210	CZ2	TRP	A	106	-11.130	-54.840	27.764	1.00	21.36		C
ATOM	211	CZ3	TRP	A	106	-12.336	-56.077	29.485	1.00	22.95		C
ATOM	212	CH2	TRP	A	106	-11.569	-56.040	28.300	1.00	21.37		C
ATOM	224	N	GLU	A	109	-13.800	-53.081	36.977	1.00	26.44		N
ATOM	225	CA	GLU	A	109	-12.483	-53.666	36.826	1.00	25.81		C
ATOM	226	C	GLU	A	109	-12.097	-53.794	35.365	1.00	24.77		C
ATOM	227	O	GLU	A	109	-12.945	-53.748	34.489	1.00	23.84		O
ATOM	228	CB	GLU	A	109	-12.417	-55.022	37.537	1.00	27.69		C
ATOM	229	CG	GLU	A	109	-12.427	-54.901	39.052	1.00	29.04		C
ATOM	230	CD	GLU	A	109	-12.111	-56.216	39.757	1.00	32.96		C
ATOM	231	OE1	GLU	A	109	-11.281	-56.190	40.693	1.00	34.42		O
ATOM	232	OE2	GLU	A	109	-12.680	-57.268	39.378	1.00	30.39		O

Distance Matrix for above 23 points from 4VFK.pdb:

	N__TRP	CA__TRP	C__TRP	O__TRP	CB__TRP	CG__TRP	CD1__TRP	CD2__TRP	NE1__TRP	CE2__TRP	CE3__TRP	CZ2__TRP	CZ3__TRP	CH2__TRP	N__GLU	CA__GLU	C__GLU	O__GLU	CB__GLU	CG__GLU	CD__GLU	OE1__GLU	OE2__GLU
N__TRP_A_106	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CA__TRP_A_106	1.466	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
C__TRP_A_106	2.485	1.529	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
O__TRP_A_106	2.756	2.397	1.224	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CB__TRP_A_106	2.476	1.529	2.496	3.315	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CG__TRP_A_106	2.919	2.574	3.886	4.623	1.522	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CD1__TRP_A_106	3.856	3.766	4.954	5.504	2.585	1.372	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CD2__TRP_A_106	3.351	3.202	4.686	5.517	2.654	1.438	2.246	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
NE1__TRP_A_106	4.623	4.719	6.064	6.654	3.718	2.244	1.365	2.243	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CE2__TRP_A_106	4.402	4.488	5.964	6.692	3.776	2.292	2.232	1.413	1.371	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CE3__TRP_A_106	3.584	3.380	4.819	5.756	3.350	2.624	3.644	1.411	3.570	2.432	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CZ2__TRP_A_106	5.400	5.586	7.100	7.854	5.052	3.625	3.591	2.458	2.499	1.387	2.845	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CZ3__TRP_A_106	4.737	4.719	6.152	7.060	4.719	3.815	4.582	2.410	4.113	2.761	1.391	2.439	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CH2__TRP_A_106	5.521	5.660	7.161	7.997	5.415	4.199	4.557	2.793	3.696	2.372	2.438	1.386	1.412	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
N__GLU_A_109	6.949	5.606	4.875	5.713	5.935	7.145	8.312	7.545	9.254	8.875	7.158	9.752	8.201	9.435	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CA__GLU_A_109	7.284	5.881	5.485	6.492	5.952	6.948	8.073	7.212	8.890	8.454	6.798	9.237	7.728	8.897	1.449	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
C__GLU_A_109	6.208	4.808	4.752	5.893	4.729	5.564	6.692	5.750	7.433	6.962	5.369	7.733	6.312	7.432	2.451	1.517	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
O__GLU_A_109	5.045	3.675	3.687	4.864	3.823	4.735	5.969	4.922	6.742	6.233	4.503	7.051	5.553	6.742	2.714	2.384	1.220	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CB__GLU_A_109	8.272	6.948	6.664	7.688	7.140	8.001	9.175	8.035	9.854	9.252	7.398	9.859	8.121	9.332	2.448	1.533	2.516	3.345	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----
CG__GLU_A_109	9.603	8.266	7.805	8.733	8.462	9.405	10.551	9.515	11.283	10.733	8.911	11.362	9.639	10.846	3.083	2.546	3.864	4.735	1.520	0.000	-----	-----	-----
CD__GLU_A_109	10.734	9.448	9.100	10.058	9.678	10.505	11.666	10.454	12.285	11.624	9.718	12.111	10.275	11.471	4.518	3.903	5.016	5.877	2.539	1.525	0.000	-----	-----
OE1__GLU_A_109	11.822	10.497	10.141	11.098	10.617	11.421	12.523	11.398	13.135	12.518	10.719	13.000	11.258	12.397	5.461	4.772	5.899	6.872	3.552	2.381	1.251	0.000	-----
OE2__GLU_A_109	10.669	9.478	9.220	10.187	9.846	10.604	11.824	10.411	12.362	11.584	9.531	11.966	9.970	11.201	4.955	4.419	5.340	6.030	2.916	2.403	2.202	2.000	-----

Original Data from 2G9H.pdb (23 points):

ATOM	3501	N	TRP	D	51	14.410	15.929	30.312	1.00	45.46		N
ATOM	3502	CA	TRP	D	51	14.451	17.223	30.991	1.00	45.60		C
ATOM	3503	C	TRP	D	51	15.869	17.755	31.250	1.00	46.25		C
ATOM	3504	O	TRP	D	51	16.095	18.960	31.127	1.00	46.36		O
ATOM	3505	CB	TRP	D	51	13.611	17.179	32.277	1.00	44.91		C
ATOM	3506	CG	TRP	D	51	13.495	18.478	33.052	1.00	44.10		C
ATOM	3507	CD1	TRP	D	51	13.674	18.637	34.400	1.00	43.25		C
ATOM	3508	CD2	TRP	D	51	13.148	19.784	32.540	1.00	43.72		C
ATOM	3509	NE1	TRP	D	51	13.459	19.951	34.760	1.00	43.83		N
ATOM	3510	CE2	TRP	D	51	13.137	20.676	33.642	1.00	43.51		C
ATOM	3511	CE3	TRP	D	51	12.846	20.287	31.261	1.00	43.40		C
ATOM	3512	CZ2	TRP	D	51	12.848	22.039	33.504	1.00	43.51		C
ATOM	3513	CZ3	TRP	D	51	12.546	21.649	31.131	1.00	42.91		C
ATOM	3514	CH2	TRP	D	51	12.552	22.502	32.247	1.00	43.17		C
ATOM	3523	N	GLU	D	53	18.525	17.482	29.399	1.00	47.78		N
ATOM	3524	CA	GLU	D	53	18.919	18.108	28.130	1.00	47.66		C
ATOM	3525	C	GLU	D	53	18.133	19.397	27.880	1.00	46.50		C
ATOM	3526	O	GLU	D	53	18.697	20.487	27.833	1.00	46.76		O
ATOM	3527	CB	GLU	D	53	18.703	17.115	26.964	1.00	48.12		C

ATOM	3528	CG	GLU	D	53	19.142	17.604	25.567	1.00	50.40
ATOM	3529	CD	GLU	D	53	20.647	17.386	25.283	1.00	53.26
ATOM	3530	OE1	GLU	D	53	21.426	18.376	25.327	1.00	53.29
ATOM	3531	OE2	GLU	D	53	21.050	16.226	25.022	1.00	51.95

Distance Matrix for above 23 points from 2G9H.pdb:

	N__TRP	CA__TRP	C__TRP	O__TRP	CB__TRP	CG__TRP	CD1__TRP	CD2__TRP	NE1__TRP	CE2__TRP	CE3__TRP	CZ2__TRP	CZ3__TRP	CH2__TRP	N__GLU	CA__GLU	C__GLU	O__GLU	CB__GLU	CG__GLU	CD__GLU	OE1__GLU	OE2__GLU	
N__TRP_D_51	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CA__TRP_D_51	1.462	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
C__TRP_D_51	2.518	1.536	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
O__TRP_D_51	3.562	2.395	1.232	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CB__TRP_D_51	2.462	1.537	2.547	3.266	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CG__TRP_D_51	3.853	2.596	3.067	3.271	1.517	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CD1__TRP_D_51	4.958	3.772	3.939	4.084	2.576	1.369	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CD2__TRP_D_51	4.628	3.264	3.631	3.371	2.659	1.445	2.248	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
NE1__TRP_D_51	6.072	4.757	4.791	4.597	3.725	2.256	1.379	2.248	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CE2__TRP_D_51	5.937	4.547	4.660	4.245	3.784	2.304	2.241	1.418	1.371	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CE3__TRP_D_51	4.726	3.469	3.943	3.512	3.358	2.627	3.642	1.407	3.568	2.430	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CZ2__TRP_D_51	7.068	5.664	5.706	5.067	5.070	3.647	3.614	2.471	2.512	1.400	2.846	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CZ3__TRP_D_51	6.072	4.821	5.121	4.453	4.736	3.827	4.586	2.414	4.109	2.757	1.401	2.424	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CH2__TRP_D_51	7.099	5.749	5.876	5.134	5.427	4.211	4.564	2.798	3.694	2.373	2.442	1.372	1.405	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
N__GLU_D_53	4.492	4.382	3.249	3.328	5.703	6.296	7.062	6.639	7.778	7.565	6.602	8.357	7.491	8.306	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CA__GLU_D_53	5.463	5.379	4.377	4.205	6.800	7.334	8.192	7.454	8.784	8.391	7.172	9.011	7.884	8.763	1.469	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
C__GLU_D_53	5.639	5.288	4.379	3.858	6.686	7.008	7.935	6.835	8.336	7.733	6.338	8.157	6.845	7.737	2.476	1.530	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
O__GLU_D_53	6.730	6.217	5.209	4.467	7.521	7.638	8.472	7.310	8.701	8.043	6.784	8.293	7.075	7.830	3.393	2.408	1.228	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CB__GLU_D_53	5.572	5.857	5.178	5.248	7.359	8.127	9.105	8.311	9.814	9.395	7.927	10.065	8.708	9.735	2.469	1.547	2.524	3.482	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	
CG__GLU_D_53	6.907	7.181	6.560	6.484	8.706	9.417	10.440	9.450	11.060	10.522	8.903	11.058	9.530	10.585	3.883	2.622	3.096	3.694	1.544	0.000	-----	-----	-----	
CD__GLU_D_53	8.143	8.426	7.653	7.573	9.923	10.616	11.546	10.707	12.168	11.709	10.247	12.250	10.863	11.841	4.632	3.408	4.136	4.463	2.584	1.547	0.000	-----	-----	
OE1__GLU_D_53	8.948	9.059	8.145	7.899	10.527	11.072	11.937	11.070	12.447	11.964	10.606	12.404	11.102	11.986	5.079	3.770	4.264	3.418	2.423	1.261	0.000	-----	-----	
OE2__GLU_D_53	8.495	8.954	8.244	8.325	10.435	11.253	12.172	11.473	12.897	12.519	11.078	13.153	11.792	12.799	5.207	4.212	5.621	3.173	2.416	1.255	2.204	0.000	-----	-----

Population Standard Deviation of two sets of interatomic distances for 23 atoms from structures 4VFK.pdb (N10P) and 2G9H.pdb (SEI):

	N__TRP	CA__TRP	C__TRP	O__TRP	CB__TRP	CG__TRP	CD1__TRP	CD2__TRP	NE1__TRP	CE2__TRP	CE3__TRP	CZ2__TRP	CZ3__TRP	CH2__TRP	N__GLU	CA__GLU	C__GLU	O__GLU	CB__GLU	CG__GLU	CD__GLU	OE1__GLU	OE2__GLU
N__TRP	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CA__TRP	0.002	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
C__TRP	0.016	0.004	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
O__TRP	0.403	0.001	0.004	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CB__TRP	0.007	0.004	0.026	0.024	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CG__TRP	0.467	0.011	0.409	0.676	0.003	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CD1__TRP	0.551	0.003	0.507	0.710	0.004	0.002	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CD2__TRP	0.639	0.031	0.528	1.073	0.002	0.004	0.001	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
NE1__TRP	0.724	0.019	0.636	1.028	0.004	0.006	0.007	0.003	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CE2__TRP	0.768	0.029	0.652	1.224	0.004	0.006	0.004	0.002	0.000	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CE3__TRP	0.571	0.044	0.438	1.122	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CZ2__TRP	0.834	0.039	0.697	1.393	0.009	0.011	0.011	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CZ3__TRP	0.667	0.051	0.515	1.303	0.008	0.006	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.005	0.008	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CH2__TRP	0.789	0.044	0.642	1.431	0.006	0.006	0.003	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.002	0.007	0.003	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
N__GLU	1.228	0.612	0.813	1.193	0.116	0.424	0.625	0.453	0.738	0.655	0.278	0.698	0.355	0.565	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CA__GLU	0.910	0.251	0.554	1.143	0.424	0.193	0.059	0.121	0.053	0.032	0.187	0.113	0.078	0.067	0.010	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
C__GLU	0.284	0.240	0.187	1.017	0.978	0.722	0.621	0.542	0.452	0.385	0.485	0.212	0.266	0.152	0.012	0.007	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
O__GLU	0.843	1.271	0.761	0.199	1.849	1.451	1.251	1.194	0.980	0.905	1.140	0.621	0.761	0.544	0.339	0.012	0.004	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CB__GLU	1.350	0.546	0.743	1.220	0.110	0.063	0.035	0.138	0.020	0.071	0.264	0.103	0.293	0.201	0.010	0.007	0.004	0.069	0.000	-----	-----	-----	-----
CG__GLU	1.348	0.542	0.623	1.125	0.122	0.006	0.056	0.033	0.111	0.106	0.004	0.152	0.054	0.130	0.400	0.038	0.384	0.521	0.012	0.000	-----	-----	-----
CD__GLU	3.705	0.511	0.724	1.242	0.122	0.055	0.060	0.127	0.059	0.042	0.264	0.069	0.294	0.185	0.057	0.248	0.440	0.707	0.022	0.011	0.000	-----	-----
OE1__GLU	3.563	0.719	0.998	1.600	0.045	0.175	0.293	0.164	0.344	0.277	0.056	0.298	0.078	0.205	0.191	0.501	0.804	1.304	0.067	0.021	0.005	0.000	0.000
OE2__GLU	3.913	0.262	0.488	0.931	0.295	0.325	0.174	0.531	0.268	0.468	0.773	0.594	0.911	0.799	0.126	0.103	0.085	0.204	0.129	0.006	0.000	0.001	0.000